

Principal & Dean(I/c)

from various agricultural universities.

INTERNATIONAL AGRIBUSINESS MANAGEMENT INSTITUTE ANAND AGRICULTURAL UNIVERSITY **ANAND - 388110**

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Endorsement for the Programme Specific Outcomes, Programme Outcomes, and

Course Outcomes Mapping of MBA (Agribusiness Management) curriculum

ICAR BSMA Committee has undertaken the task of formulating and advocating uniform courses, along with meticulously curated syllabi, across all esteemed colleges of Agribusiness Management within our nation. The courses and syllabi have been structured with integral importance placed on precision and alignment with academic standards. They serve as a beacon of academic integrity and rigor, aimed at fostering a harmonized educational landscape within the realm of Agribusiness Management. The recommendations set forth by the ICAR BSMA Committee have been duly endorsed and ratified, reflecting the discerning evaluation and unwavering commitment to educational excellence. This initiative has been executed with careful consideration of meticulous deliberations and diligent efforts by deans

MBA (Agribusiness Management) curriculum is herewith delineates and articulates for the Programme Specific Outcomes, Programme Outcomes, and Course Outcomes, meticulously and mapped to ensure a comprehensive and coherent educational framework. The undersigned hereby affix our official seal and endorsement, thereby granting unequivocal approval.

> Principal & Dean International Agribusiness Management Institute Anand Agricultural University,

Anand-388110

MBA (Agribusiness Management) Programme

Course code	ABM-501
Course title	Principles of Management and Organizational Behaviour
Corse credit	3 (3+0)
Teaching per	3 hrs.
Week	
Course	Provide students with opportunities to understand a wide variety of topics related to
Objective	business management, focusing on fundamental management principles and
(CO)	concepts that apply to agribusiness, traditional management skills, and new
,	competencies needed to succeed in a fast- paced environment that demands on going
	innovations.
Course	Unit 1 Introduction to Management: Nature, Scope and Significance of
Content	Management, Evolution of Management Thought, Approaches to
	Management, functions and skills of a manager.
	Unit 2 Management functions: Planning - Types, Steps, Objective, Process,
	Strategies, Policies, MBO, Organizing – Structure & Process, Line,
	Staff, Authority & Responsibility, Staffing – Recruitment and
	Selection, Directing – Training, Communication & Motivation,
	Controlling- Significance, Process, Techniques, Standards &
	Benchmarks, Management Audit.
	Unit 3 Nature, Scope and Significance of Organizational Behavior;
	Foundations of Individual behaviour – Emotions, Personality, Values,
	Attitudes, Perception, Learning and individual decision making,
	Motivation- Types of motivation, theories of motivation, motivational
	practices at workplace, managing stress and work life balance
	Unit 4 Group dynamics- types of groups, group formation, Group decision
	making, teambuilding and developing collaboration, leadership styles
	and influence process; leadership theories, leadership styles and effective leader
	Unit 5 Understanding and managing organisational culture, power and
	political behaviour in organisations, conflict Management, negotiation,
	managing organizational change, concept of organizational
	development.
References:	1. Stephen P. Robbins, Mary Coulter & Neharika Vohra. 2010. Management.
	Pearson Edu.
	2. Heinz Weihrich, Mark V. Cannice & Harold Koontz. 2015, Management, A
	Global, Innovative and Entrepreneurial Perspective, 14th Edition, McGraw
	Hill Education PvtLtd.
	3. James G. Beierlein, Kenneth C. Schneeberger, Donald D. Osburn. 2014.
	Principles of Agribusiness Management. Fifth edition. Waveland Press
	4. Neck, C. P., Houghton, J.D. and Murray E.L., 2017, Organizational
	behavior, Sage Publication India Private Limited.
	5. Greenberg, J., 2013, Behavior in Organisations, PHI Learning Private
	Limited, New Delhi.

	 6. John A. Wagner III, J. A. and Hollenbeck, J. R., 2015, Organizational Behaviour, Routledge Taylor & Francis Group, New York. 7. Harold Koontz & Keing Weighhrich.2010. Essentials of Management. Tata 							
		cGraw Hill		g weighin	1011.2010. 1		or manage	mont. Tutu
Course	CO1: Und	lerstand the	e basic con	cepts of m	anagemen	t and orgar	nizational	behaviour
Outcomes		elop a ove approache		about the v	arious ma	nagement	functions,	managerial
	CO3: Ana	lyse and u	nderstand	the Nature,	Scope and	d Significa	nce of Org	ganizational
	Behavior	and differe	nt parame	ter of the C)B			
		_		ndamental	s of indivi	dual and g	roup beha	viour in the
	organisati		_					
	CO5: Analyse the organisational level challenges in managing the resources optimally							
Mapping	Mapping l	between C	Os and PS	Os				
between COs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
with PSOs	CO1							
	CO2							
	CO3							
	CO4							
	CO5							

Course ande	ABM 502
Course code Course title	
Course title Corse credit	Managerial accounting & control
	3 (2+1)
Teaching per Week	4 hrs
Course Objective (CO)	The objective of this course is to expose the learner to the concept and methods of financial and management accounting. Focus will be on understanding techniques, uses and applications of financial and management accounting.
Course Content	 Unit 1 Financial Accounting- Meaning, Need, Accounting principles: Accounting Concepts and Conventions; Branches of Accounting, Users of Accounting information, Advantages and Limitations of Financial Accounting, Accounting Standards Unit 2 The Double Entry System- Its Meaning and Scope, The Journal, Cash Book, Ledger, Trial Balance, Trading Account Profit and Loss Account, Balance Sheet, entries and adjustments of different t heads in different Books and Accounts, Introduction of Company Accounts, Use of Accounting Software Unit 3 Management Accounting-Meaning, Functions, Scope, Utility, Limitations and Tools of Management Accounting, Analysis of Financial Statements- Ratio, time series, common size and Du pont
	Analysis, Comparative and Common Size Statements, Cash Flow and Fund Flow Analysis Unit 4 Budget and Budgetary Control- Meaning, Uses and Limitations, Budgeting and Profit planning, Different Types of Budgets and their Preparations: Sales Budget, Purchase Budget, Production Budget, Cash Budget, Flexible Budget, Master Budget, Zero Based Budgeting. Mergers and Acquisition, Tax System-GST
References:	 Horngren. 2008. Introduction to Financial Accounting. 8thEd. Pearson Edu. Khan MY & Jain PK. 2004. Management Accounting. Tata McGraw Hill. Maheshwari SN & Maheshwari SK. 2018. Financial Accounting. 6th Ed. Vikas Publ. House. S P Jain and K L Narang ,2014. Financial Accounting. 12th Edition. Kalyani publisher Sharma and Gupta, 2018. Management Accounting 13th Edition, Kalyani Publisher
Course Outcomes	CO1: Strategic Decision-Making: Students will be able to apply managerial accounting techniques to analyse financial data, enabling them to make informed strategic decisions that contribute to the overall success of an organization. CO2: Cost Management Proficiency: Develop a proficiency in cost management by understanding and applying various costing methods, budgeting techniques, and performance measurement tools to optimize resource allocation and improve organizational efficiency.



								valuate the		
	financial	financial performance of a business through the interpretation of financial								
	statements, ratio analysis, and other performance metrics, providing insights in									
	organizati	organization's financial health.								
	_	CO4 Internal Control Implementation: Demonstrate the capability to design and								
	implemen	t effective	internal	control sys	stems, ens	suring the	integrity of	of financial		
	information	on, complia	ance with i	regulations	s, and safe	guarding o	rganizatio	nal assets.		
		CO5 Communication of Financial Information: Develop effective communication								
	skills to convey complex financial information to non-financial stakeholders, aid							ders, aiding		
	in the u	in the understanding of financial performance and facilitating collaborative								
	decision-r	decision-making across various functional areas of the business.								
Mapping	Mapping	between C	Os and PS	Os						
between COs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7		
with PSOs	CO1									
	CO2									
	CO3									
	CO4									
	CO5									

Course title Corse credit Teaching per Week	ABM- 503 Applied Agribusin	ess Econ							
Corse credit Teaching per Week			omics						
Teaching per Week	2 (2 + 0)								
8	2 (2 + 0)								
		ios bosis		nia taola	and me	dala ta	muchloma		
	This course applies basic economic tools and models to problems involving supply, demand, individual consumer and firm behaviour, and market structure. Basic market structure models covered include perfect competition, monopolistic competition, oligopoly, and monopoly. Economic tools and models are related to business strategies throughout the course								
	Unit 1 Scope of meconomic principle economics. Introduction Unit 2 Indifference types and determined demand forecastin Unit 3 Production period production productivities and short and long-run Unit 4 Pricing-destructures, pricing government policic Third level) Unit 5 The nation investment and samoney & supply county and business policit situations	poles; ma uction to e curves a nants of g-need an , cost an n and returns to supply f eterminant g of joint es and pro- onal inco ving: mo	athematic behavior and budge demand; nd techni- d supply cost lead o scale, co- functions. ts of pri- int produ- ricing. Pro- me; circ- ney func- ty; inflatio	al concertal con	epts use nics Demand a function; production cots, cost-oring under the mination of incotors influence grownic grownic grownics	d in manalysis — demand on function output relater different hods in (First, See the consencing death; busine	meaning, elasticity; on, Multi n, factor ationship, nt market practice, econd and sumption, emand for ess cycles		
References:	 Dwivedi DN. 2015. Managerial Economics. 8th Edition, Vikash Publishing Gupta GS. 2015. Managerial Economics. Tata McGraw Hill Savatore D.Srivastav R. 2012. Managerial Economics. 7th Edition, Oxford University Press Suma Damodaran. 2010. Managerial Economics. Oxford 								
Course Outcomes	Understanding of economic analysis skill through cases Develop policy analysis aptitude through lecture materials Inculcate macro and micro economic environment through lecture materials Understanding of demand forecasting techniques through expert lecture Understanding market structure through cases								
Mapping between COs	Mapping between	COs and	PSOs						
with PSOs	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7		
	CO1								



CO2				
CO3				
CO4				
CO5				

Course code	ABM 504							
Course title	Human Resource Management for Agricultural Organisations							
Corse credit	2 (2+0)							
Teaching per Week	2							
Course Objective (CO)	The objective of this course is to expose the learner to the field of human							
	resource management. The							
	focus will be on human resource practices and their utility for manager							
	in agri based organizations							
Course Content	Unit 1 Strategic Human Resource Management, Human Resource							
	Planning-Nature and Significance, Job Analysis and talent							
	management process, Job Description, job Specification,							
	Job enlargement, Job enrichment, Job rotation							
	Unit 2 Recruitment and Selection Process, Induction, Training and							
	Human Resource Development-							
	Nature, Significance, Process and Techniques, e-							
	recruitment, use of Big Data for recruitment, use of							
	Artificial Intelligence and machine learning tools in							
	recruitment practices Career planning and							
	Development Internal mobility including Transfers,							
	Promotions, employee separation.							
	Unit 3 Performance Appraisal–Significance and methods,							
	Compensation management, Strategic pay							
	plans, Job Evaluation, Wage and Salary Administration;							
	Wage Fixation; Fringe Benefits, Incentive Payment, bonus,							
	and Profit Sharing							
	Unit 4 Role and Status of Trade Unions; Collective Bargaining;							
	Worker's Participation in							
	Management, employee retention. Quality of work life,							
	employee welfare measure, work life balance,							
	Disputes and Grievance Handling Procedures; Arbitration							
	and Adjudication; Health and Safety of Human							
	Resources;							
	Unit 5 Ethical issues in HRM, Managing Global Human							
	Resources, Managing Human Resources in							
	Small and Entrepreneurial firms, Human Resources							
	accounting, Human Resources outsourcing. HR							
	Information System, Human Resource Metrics and							
	Workforce Analytics, Future trends in workforce							
	technologies.							
References:	1. Gary Dessler & Biju Varkkey 2016, Human Resource							
	Management, XIV Edition, Pearson India							
	2. VSP Rao. 2010, Human Resource Management, Text and Cases,							
	3rd Edition, Excel Books							
	3. Ashwathapa K. 2016. Human Resource Management, Text and							
	Caes. Tata McGraw Hill							



	4. N	Michael J	. Kavana	gh, Moha	n Thite &	z Richard	D. Johns	son. 2016,
	I	Human R	esource I	nformation	on			
	5	Systems, Sage Publications						
	5. S	Subba Ra	o P. 2004	. Essentia	als of Hu	man Reso	ource Ma	nagement
	a	nd Indus	trial Rela	tions.Hir	nalaya Pı	ıbl. Hous	e.	
Course Outcomes	CO1:Tra	ansforme	d HR dep	artments	can focu	s on strate	egic initia	atives like
	talent m	anageme	nt and or	ganizatio	nal deve	lopment,	leveragin	ng data to
	shape co	mpany c	ulture and	d drive su	iccess.			
	CO2: D	ata-drive	n insight	s can sha	pe comp	any culti	ure, drive	e success,
	and align	n HR pra	ctices wit	th the ove	erarching	business	strategy.	
	CO3: Ef	fectively	manage a	and plan	key huma	an resourc	ce functio	ns within
	organiza	tions.						
	CO4: Ex	kamine cı	ırrent issı	ues, trend	ls, practic	es, and p	rocesses	in HRM.
	CO5: 0	Contribut	te to e	employee	perform	mance 1	managem	ent and
	organizational effectiveness. Problem-solve human resource challenges.							
					_	-		on both
			_			•		ering the
	-	_			_	goals of th	ne organi	zation, so
				relations	hip.			
Mapping between COs	Mapping	g between	n COs an	d PSOs		T		
with PSOs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
	CO1							
	CO2							
	CO3							
	CO4							
	CO5							

Course credit	Course code	ABM- 505
Corse credit 2 (2 + 0)		
Teaching per Week Course Objective (CO) The objective of this course is to expose the learner to the field production and operations management. The focus will be on imparting knowledge of the basic concept tools, and functions of production management. Course Content Unit 1 Nature Concept and Scope of Production and Operation Management; Factors Affecting System; Facility location, Types Manufacturing Systems and Layouts, Process Selection and Facil Layout, Layout Planning and Analysis, Forecasting Unit 2 Operations Strategy: Operations Strategy, Competitive Capabilities and Core Competencies, Operations Strategy as Competitive Weapon, Linkage Between Corporate, Business, a Operations Strategy, Developing Operations Strategy, Elements Components of Operations Strategy, Competitive Prioriti Manufacturing Strategies, Service Strategies, Global Strategies a Role of Operations Strategy. Unit 3 Productivity Variables and Productivity Measureme Production Planning and Control, Mass Production, Pod Order Manufacturing, Product Selection, Prod Design and Development, Process Selection, Capacity planning Unit 4 An Overview of Inventory Management Fundament Determination of Material Requirement, Safety Managemen Scheduling, Maintenance Management Concepts, Work Stu Method Study, Work Measurement, Work Sampling, We Environment, Production Planning and Control (PPC) Indust Safety, human-machine interface, types of interface designs. Clc operations Management Unit 5 Quality Assurance, Accepting Sampling, Statistical Proc Control, Total Quality Management, ISO standards and Importance, Introduction to re-engineering, value engineering, che sheets, Pareto charts, Ishikawa charts, JIT Pre-requisites implementation Six Sigma, Lean Management, Reliabil Engineering, Safety Engineering, Fault Tree Analysis. References: 1. William J. Stevenson. 2014, Operations Management, Private Limited 3. S. N Chary, 2017, Production and Operations Management 3. S. N Chary, 2017, Production and Operations Management		1 0
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Course Outcomes 1. Inculcate standard operating procedure practices through	Course Outcomes	1. Inculcate standard operating procedure practices through
lecture materials		lecture materials



		Develop Inculcate				_	_	cases nagement
		through	-		1	1 3		\mathcal{E}
		 Understand productivity in an organisation through lectumaterials 						
	5.	Inculcate	e the unc	lerstandi	ng regar	ding qua	ality mar	nagement
		through 1	lecture m	naterials				
Mapping between COs	Mappin	ig betwee	en COs a	nd PSOs	;			
with PSOs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
	CO1							
	CO2							
	CO3							
	CO4							
	CO5							

Course code	ABM 506									
Course title	Agricultural and Food Marketing Management- I									
Corse credit	2 (2+0)									
Teaching per Week	2 hrs									
Course Objective (CO)	To develop an understanding the concept of marketing system with specific input of product, pricing, availability and promotional details.									
Course Content	Unit 1 Introduction and Concept/ philosophies of Marketing Management; Product Management: The product, The product mix, Product line extensions, Product line deletions, Branding products, The advantages and disadvantages of branding, Branding decisions Brand loyalty models, Homogenous first-order Markov models, Higher order markov models Packaging, The functions of packaging, Packaging technology, Recent developments in packaging. Unit 2 Pricing objectives, the laws of supply and demand, Elasticity of									
	demand Cross-price elasticity of demand, Practical problems of price theory, Cost - revenue - supply relationships, the meaning of price to consumers, Price as an indicator of quality, Pricing strategies, Cost plus methods of price determination, Breakeven analysis, Market-oriented pricing, Psychological pricing, Geographical pricing, Administered pricing. Unit 3 Channel decisions in relation to marketing strategy, The value of middlemen, Key decisions in channel management, Types of distribution system, Marketing to middlemen, Power and conflict in distribution channels, Physical distribution, Customer service levels, Developing a customer service policy, The total distribution concept, Warehouse management, Inventory management, Calculating the									
	economic order quantity, Transport management, Technological advances in physical distribution, Vehicle scheduling and routing, Fixed and variable routing systems, Vehicle scheduling tools, Vehicle scheduling models, Computer-based vehicle scheduling. Unit 4 The nature of marketing communications, setting marketing communication objectives, Factors influencing the communications mix, the marketing communications mix, Advertising, Sales promotion, Public relations, Personal selling, Digital Marketing, Mobile Marketing, Social Marketing and Social Media Marketing, Training the sales force, change agents, Selecting the media,									
	Establishing the promotional budget, Monitoring the effectiveness of marketing communications Unit 5 Marketing Costs and Margins: Assessing the performance of a marketing system, Marketing efficiency and effectiveness, Operational efficiency, pricing efficiency, Identifying marketing costs and margins,									



	T
	The reference products concept, Handling costs, Packaging costs,
	Transport costs, Processing costs, Capital costs.
References:	1. Kotler P. Keller K, Koshy A.& Jha M. 2013. Marketing Management—
	Analysis, Planning, Implementation and Control. Pearson Education.
	2. Ramaswamy V S 2017. Marketing Management: A Strategic Decision-
	Making Approach, McGraw Hill Education
	3. Saxena R. 2009. Marketing Management. Mc Graw Hill.4th Edition
	4. William Perreault Jr., Mccarthy E. Jerome., 2006, Basic Marketing: A
	Global Marketing Approach, Tata McGraw Hill
	5. Richard Gay, Alan Cjarlesworth, Rit a Esen 2014, Online Marketing, Oxford
	University Press
	6. Mohammed, Fisher, Jaworski and Cahill: Internet Marketing – Building
	Advantage in a networked economy Tata McGraw-Hill
	7. Strauss J. and Frost R. 2013. E-Marketing, Prentice-Hall
	8. Roberts M. 2018. Internet Marketing, Cengage Learning
	9. Vassos: Strategic Internet Marketing – Practical e-commerce and branding
	Tactics, Que Books 10 Chaffey Mayor Jahnston and Ellia Chadyviak 2000 Internet Marketing
	10. Chaffey, Meyer, Johnston and Ellis – Chadwick. 2009. Internet Marketing, Prentice-Hall/Financial Time
Course	
Course Outcomes	CO1 Strategic Marketing Insights: Grasping the fundamentals of marketing management, product management principles including product mix, branding
Outcomes	decisions, and loyalty models, and understanding the functions and recent
	developments in packaging are essential for crafting effective marketing strategies
	in the dynamic business environment.
	CO2: Mastery of Pricing Dynamics: Understanding pricing objectives, supply and
	demand laws, elasticity considerations, cost-revenue relationships, consumer
	perceptions of price, strategies including cost-plus, breakeven analysis, market-
	oriented and psychological pricing, as well as administered pricing methods, equips
	one with comprehensive skills in navigating the complex landscape of pricing
	decisions.
	CO3: Strategic Channel Management Proficiency: Navigating channel decisions
	aligning with marketing strategy, understanding the value of middlemen, addressing
	power dynamics and conflicts, optimizing physical distribution through warehouse
	and inventory management, and leveraging technological advances, including
	computer-based vehicle scheduling, are key learnings for achieving proficiency in
	strategic channel management.
	CO4 Strategic Marketing Communications Mastery: Comprehending the nature of
	marketing communications, setting objectives, navigating the communications mix
	including advertising, sales promotion, public relations, personal selling, digital,
	mobile, social, and social media marketing, along with training sales forces,
	selecting media, budgeting, and monitoring effectiveness, is essential for mastering
	strategic marketing communications.
	CO5 Optimizing Marketing Economics: Evaluating marketing system performance
	involves assessing efficiency and effectiveness, considering operational and pricing
	efficiency, identifying and managing costs and margins across reference products,



	optimal e	including handling, packaging, transport, storage, processing, and capital costs for optimal economic outcomes. Mapping between COs and PSOs						
Mapping	Mapping	between C	Os and PS	OS				
between COs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
with PSOs	CO1							
	CO2							
	CO3							
	CO4							
	CO5							

Course code	ABM 507					
Course title	Agricultural and Food Marketing Management- II					
Course true Corse credit	2 (2+0)					
Teaching per	2 hrs					
Week						
Course	To develop learning about the basic concept of marketing with major emphasis on					
Objective	agri and food marketing by equipping the students with the understanding of					
(CO)	ecosystem in which the agri organization functions to meet the requirements of the					
	customer profitably					
Course Content	Unit 1 The importance of agricultural and food marketing to developing countries, the marketing concept andmarketing systems, Marketing sub-systems Marketing functions, Links between agriculture and the food industry, Agricultural and food marketing enterprises, Marketing boards in developing countries, Co-operatives in the agriculture and food sectors, Control and management of secondary co-operatives, the weaknesses of co- operatives, Selling arrangements between co-operatives and their members Unit 2 Market Liberalization: Economic structural adjustment programmes, Macro- economic stabilization, The role of the state in liberalized markets, Strategies for reforming agricultural marketing, Obstacles to be overcome in commercialization and Privatization of agricultural marketing, Dealing with accumulated deficits, Encouraging private sector involvement in agricultural markets, impact of the macro-					
	economic environment on private traders, Government action to improve private sector performance. Unit 3 Marketing Strategy, Planning and Control: Strategy, policy and planning, Strategic business units, the need for marketing planning, the process of marketing planning, Contents of the marketing plan,					
	Monitoring, evaluating and controlling the marketing planning, Marketing controls, Marketing plan control, Efficiency control Unit 4 New Product Development: The impetus to innovation, New product development process. The adoption process, the effect of products characteristics on the rate of adoption, Buyer behaviour: The influences on buyer behaviour, Exogenous influences on buyer behaviour Endogenous influences on buyer behaviour, the consumer buying decision process, Buyer behaviour and market segmentation,					
	Lifestyle segmentation, Organisational markets Industrial markets, Industrial buyer characteristics Unit 5 Stages in a commodity marketing system, Grain marketing, Challenges for grain marketing systems, fruits and vegetables, Livestock and meat marketing, Poultry and eggs marketing, marketing of fresh milk					
References:	1. Acharya, S. S. and Agarwal, N. L., 2011, Agricultural Marketing in India. 4th Ed. Oxford and IBH.					



	 Kohls, R. L. and Uhj, J. N., 2005, Marketing of Agricultural Products. 9th Ed. Prentice Hall. Mohan J, Agri-Marketing Strategies in India, NIPA Sharma Premjit. 2010. Agri-Marketing Management, Daya Publishing House 							
Course			Agricultu	ral Marke	ets: Unde	erstanding	the signi	ificance of
Course Outcomes	CO1 Empowering Agricultural Markets: Understanding the significance of agricultural and food marketing in developing countries, embracing the marketing concept and systems, exploring marketing sub-systems and functions, recognizing the interplay between agriculture and the food industry, and delving into the dynamics of marketing enterprises, boards, and co-operatives are essential learnings for empowering and enhancing agricultural markets. CO2 Navigating Market Liberalization: Understanding economic structural adjustment programs, the role of the state in liberalized markets, strategies for agricultural marketing reform, overcoming obstacles in commercialization and privatization, addressing accumulated deficits, promoting private sector involvement, and managing impediments to private sector participation are vital learnings for navigating the complexities of market liberalization in agriculture. CO3 Strategic Marketing Governance: Comprehending marketing strategy, policy, and planning, including strategic business units, recognizing the imperative for marketing planning, mastering the marketing planning process, understanding the contents of a comprehensive marketing plann, and honing skills in monitoring, evaluating, and efficiently controlling marketing planning and strategies are key learnings for effective strategic marketing governance. CO4 Innovative Product Dynamics: Embracing the impetus to innovation and the new product development process, understanding the adoption process, the impact of product characteristics on adoption rates, and delving into buyer behavior, including influences, decision processes, and market segmentation, provides a comprehensive foundation for navigating dynamic markets and fostering successful product launches. CO5 Navigating Agricultural Commodity Markets: Understanding the stages in commodity marketing systems, addressing challenges in grain marketing, exploring the dynamics of fruits, vegetables, livestock, meat, poultry, eggs, and fresh milk							
	marketing	provides	crucial in	sights for	effective	ly navigat	ing divers	e facets of
	agricultur	al commod	lity market	ts.				
Mapping	Mapping	between C	Os and PS	Os				
between COs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
with PSOs	CO1							
	CO2							
	CO3							
	CO4							
	CO5							



Course code	ABM 508					
Course title	Agri Supply chain management					
Corse credit	2 (2+0)					
Teaching per	2 hrs					
Week						
Course	To introduce the students to the concepts, processes and framework of agricultural					
Objective (CO)	supply chain management.					
Course Content	Unit 1 Overview of supply chain management: Supply Chain: Changing Business Environment; SCM: Present Need; Conceptual Model of Supply Chain Management; Evolution of SCM; SCM Approach; Traditional Agri. Supply Chain Management Approach; Modern Supply Chain Management Approach; Elements in SCM. Innovations in Global Agri-SCM Unit 2 Overview of supply chain management: Demand Management in Supply Chain: Types of Demand, Demand Planning and Forecasting; Operations Management in Supply Chain, Basic Principles of Manufacturing Management. SCM Metrics/Drivers and Obstacles. Unit 3 Procurement management in agri. Supply chain: Purchasing Cycle, Types of Purchases, Contract/Corporate Farming, Classification of Purchases Goods or Services, Traditional Inventory Management, Material Requirements Planning, Just in Time (JIT), Vendor Managed Inventory (VMI). Unit 4 Logistics management: History and Evolution of Logistics; Elements of Logistics; Management; Distribution Management, Distribution Strategies; Pool Distribution; Transportation Management; Fleet Management; Service Innovation; Warehousing; Packaging for Logistics, Third-Party Logistics (TPL/3PL); GPS Technology. Unit 5 Logistics management: Concept of Information Technology: IT Application in SCM; Advanced Planning and Scheduling; SCM in					
	Electronic Business; Role of Knowledge in SCM; Performance Measurement and Controls in Agri. Supply Chain Management-Benchmarking: introduction, concept and forms of Benchmarking. Case Studies on the following:(a) Green Supply Chains (b) Global Supply Chains (c) Coordination in a SC. Value of and distortion of					
	information: Bullwhip effect (d) Sourcing and contracts in SC (e) Product availability with uncertain demand (f) Inventory planning with known /unknown demand (g) Cases from FAO/IFPRI etc.					
References:	 Acharya, S. S., and Agarwal, N. L., 2011, Agricultural marketing in India. Oxford and IBH. Altekar, R. V., 2006, Supply Chain Management: Concepts and Cases.PHI 					
	3. Chopra, S., Meindl, P. and Kalra, D. V., 2016, Supply chain management: Strategy, Planning, and Operation, Pearson Education India					



	4. Mohanty R.P.2010. Indian Case studies in Supply Chain Management & other Learning Resources. OXFORD								
		5. N.Chandrasekaran.2010. Supply Chain Management: Process, system							
		&Practice OXFORD							
		ngh Sukhpovernance.	_		Supply C	hains in I	ndia-organ	isation and	
Course					Chains: (Gain comp	rehensive	knowledge	
Outcomes	of agricu	ltural supp	oly chain	structures,	including	g producti	on, distrib	oution, and	
	logistics,	within the	context of	global agr	icultural n	narkets.			
	CO2: Optimizing Supply Chain Efficiency: Develop strategies to enhance efficiency and resilience in agricultural supply chains through the application of innovative technologies and best practices.								
	CO3: Sustainability Integration: Understand and apply principles of sustainability and responsible sourcing within agricultural supply chains, ensuring environmental stewardship and social responsibility.								
	CO4: Risk Management and Adaptability: Acquire skills to identify, assess, and mitigate risks inherent in agricultural supply chains, fostering adaptability to market fluctuations, climate changes, and geopolitical factors.								
	CO5: Sta	keholder (Collaborati	on and Re	alationchir	Managen	nent: I ear	n to foster	
								oly chains,	
								benefit and	
		supply cha			-,	,			
Mapping		between C							
between COs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	
with PSOs	CO1								
	CO2		-						
	CO3								
	CO4								
	CO5								

Course code	ABM 509						
Course title	International trade in agricultural products						
Corse credit	2 (2+0)						
Teaching per	2 hrs						
Week							
Course	To impart knowledge to the students of international trade in agriculture and various						
Objective	provisions under WTO in the new trade regime.						
(CO)							
Course	Unit 1 Introduction to International trade: International trade – basic concepts,						
Content	WTO and its implications for Indian economy in general and						
Content	agriculture sector in particular.						
	Unit 2 Introduction to International trade: TRIPS, TRIMS quotas, anti						
	dumping duties, quantitative and qualitative restrictions, tariff and non-						
	tariff measures, trade liberalization, subsidies, green and red boxes,						
	issues for negotiations in future in WTO; CDMs and carbon trade.						
	Unit 3 Introduction to International trade: Importance of foreign trade for						
	developing economy; absolute and comparative advantage, foreign						
	trade of India.						
	Unit 4 Regulations and policy measures for international trade: India's						
	balance of payments; inter regional Vs international trade; tariffs and						
	trade control; exchange rate; the foreign trade multiplier.						
	Unit 5 Regulations and policy measures for international trade: Foreign						
	demand, supply side analysis, opportunity cost, trade and factor prices,						
	implications for developing countries, market entry methods, export						
References:	procedures & documentations. 1. Study materials by the Center for WTO Studies, ITPO, New Delhi, The						
References.	Future of Indian Agriculture						
	2. International Trade and Food Security, Edited by F Brouwer, LEI -						
	Wageningen UR, The						
	3. Netherlands, P K Joshi, IFPRI, India. 2016						
Course	CO1: Understanding Global Trade Dynamics: Students will explore the dynamics						
Outcomes	of global markets, trade agreements, tariff policies, and regional trade blocs, gaining						
	insights into their impact on businesses and economies.						
	CO2: Sustainability Principles and Practices: Students will explore the relationship						
	between trade policies, environmental sustainability, social responsibility, and						
	economic development, analyzing the challenges and opportunities for businesses						
	in adopting sustainable practices.						
	CO3: Analyzing Trade Policy and Governance: This includes evaluating the role of						
	international organizations (e.g., WTO, UNCTAD) in shaping trade regulations and						
	fostering sustainability, as well as understanding the challenges related to fair trade,						
	labor rights, and environmental protection.						
	-						



	ability to sustainability to s	CO4: Strategic Decision-Making for Sustainable Trade: Students will acquire the ability to develop strategic frameworks that align business interests with sustainability goals in the context of international trade. CO5: Ethical Leadership and Responsible Business Practices: Students will learn to navigate ethical dilemmas, promote responsible decision-making, and advocate for sustainable trade practices in diverse cultural and international business environments.						
Mapping	Mapping	between C	Os and PS	SOs				
between COs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
with PSOs	CO1							
	CO2							
	CO3							
	CO4							
	CO5							

Course code	ABM 510						
Course title	Food Technology and Processing Management						
Course	3(3+0)						
credit	3(3±0 <i>)</i> 						
Teaching per	3 hrs						
Week	3 1118						
Course	Food Technology is the application of food science to the selection, preservation,						
Objective	processing, packaging, distribution and use of safe, wholesome and nutritious food.						
(CO)	The food processing industry covers a range of food products.						
(CO)	The rood processing industry covers a range of rood products.						
Course	Unit 1 Food Industry in India: Present status of food industry in India;						
Content	Organization in food industry; Introduction to operations of food						
	industry; Deteriorative factors and hazards during processing,						
	storage, handling and distribution.						
	Unit 2 Basics of Food Processing: Basic principles of food processing and						
	food preservation through technology interventions; Application of						
	energy, radiations, chemicals and other agents for food preservation;						
	aseptic modes of processing-freezing, quick, cryogenic, high pressure,						
	membrane technology; Packaging of foods, labelling techniques,						
	advanced technologies for packaging.						
	Unit 3 Food Safety and Costs Analysis: Analysis of costs; risk management;						
	Laws and regulations w.r.t to food industry including production,						
	processing and marketing; Food Safety and Quality Standards-						
	AGMARK; BIS/ISO; FPO, FSSAI, TQM, HACCP etc.						
	Unit 4 Case studies on project formulation in various types of food industries:						
	Discussion sessions and analysis of Case studies related to dairy, cereal						
	milling, sugarcane production; baking/confectionary, vegetable						
	storage, handling, egg processing, fish and meat products.; Cases						
	related to HACCP						
References:	1. Acharya SS & Aggarwal NL. 2004. Agricultural Marketing in India. Oxford						
	& IBH.						
	2. Early R. 1995. Guide to Quality Management Systems for Food Industries.						
	Springer						
	3. Jelen P. 1985. Introduction to Food Processing. Reston Publishing.						
	4. Potly VH & Mulky MJ. 1993. Food Processing. Oxford & IBH						
	5. P. J. Fellows (2016). Food Processing Technology Principles and Practice,						
	Woodhead Publishing, 4th Edition						
	6. Potter, N. N. (2018). Food science. McGraw-Hill Education, 6th Edition						
	7. Singh R.P, Heldman D.R (2013). Introduction to Food Engineering. Elsevier						
	Inc., 5thEdition						
	8. J. Scott Smith, Y.H. Hui (2013) Food Processing: Principles and						
	Applications, Wiley						
Course	CO1: Basic Understanding of Processing Students will demonstrate comprehensive						
Outcomes	knowledge and understanding of food technology and processing principles.						



	CO2: Market Opportunities Demonstrate the ability to identify market opportunities, innovate in product development, and communicate the value proposition of entrepreneurial initiatives. CO3: Business plan and Strategies Articulate business plans and strategies with clarity, emphasizing the entrepreneurial potential within the food processing industry. CO4: Global Trends and Challenges Understand and communicate global trends and challenges in the food technology and processing industry. CO5: Regulations and policies Students will be able to articulate the impact of international regulations, trade policies, and cultural preferences on food processing practices.							
Mapping	Mapping	between C	Os and PS	SOs				
between		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
COs with	CO1							
PSOs	CO2							
	CO3							
	CO4							
	CO5							

Course code	ABM 511
Course title	Rural Marketing
Corse credit	3 (3+0)
Teaching per	3 hrs
Week	
Course	To explore the possibilities and potential of the rural market. It aims at critically
Objective	analysing the market opportunities, consumer trends and patterns and development
(CO)	of better marketing strategies for the rural areas.
Course Content	Unit 1 Rural Market Concept & Scope: Concept, Definition and Scope of rural marketing, nature and characteristics of rural markets, potential of rural markets in India, rural V/S urban market.
	Unit 2 Environmental factors: Socio-cultural, economic, demographic, technological and other environmental factors affecting rural marketing.
	Unit 3 Rural finance: Concept, demand, banking model; Finance Schemes of NABARD, Other Schemes of State Govt, Central.
	Unit 4 Rural consumer's behaviour: Behavior of rural consumers and farmers; buyer characteristics and buying behaviour; customer relationship management, rural market research.
	Unit 5 Rural Product strategy: Marketing of consumer durable and non-durable goods and services in the rural markets with special reference to product planning; marketing mix, product mix.
	Unit 6 Pricing for rural markets: Pricing policy and pricing strategy, distribution strategy, Rural retailing and modern store formats in rural
	unit 7 Promotion and communication strategy: Media Planning, Distribution channels, personal selling strategies in rural markets, innovations in rural marketing
References:	1. Krishnamacharyulu & Ramakrishnan. 2010. Rural Marketing: Text and Cases: Pearson Education. 2nd edition
	2. Sukhpal Singh.2004. Rural Marketing: Focus on Agricultural Inputs, Vikas
	Publishing
	3. Pradeep Kashyap. 2011. Rural Marketing. Pearson Education
	4. Dinesh Kumar and Punam Gupta. 2017. Rural Marketing: Challenges and
	Opportunities. Sage Publications.
Course	CO1 Unlocking Rural Marketing Potential: Grasping the concept, definition, and
Outcomes	scope of rural marketing, understanding the nature and characteristics of rural
	markets, evaluating the vast potential in rural markets in India, and discerning the
	distinctions between rural and urban markets are essential for unlocking and
	harnessing the immense opportunities in rural marketing.
	CO2: Navigating Rural Marketing Environments: Understanding the socio-cultural,
	economic, demographic, technological, and other environmental factors influencing
	rural marketing is crucial for developing effective strategies that resonate with the
	unique dynamics of rural communities.



	CO3: Decoding Rural Consumer Dynamics: Grasping the behavior of rural consumers and farmers, understanding buyer characteristics and purchasing behavior, implementing effective customer relationship management, and							
	conducting thorough rural market research are essential for navigating and succeeding in the intricacies of rural consumer dynamics.							
	CO4 Strategic Pricing and Distribution in Rural Markets: Crafting effective pricing policies and strategies, devising a thoughtful distribution strategy, and understanding the nuances of rural retailing, including modern store formats, are							
	pivotal for success in catering to the specific needs and dynamics of rural markets. CO5 Strategic Communication in Rural Markets:Mastering media planning, optimizing distribution channels, employing effective personal selling strategies							
	tailored to rural markets, and embracing innovations in rural marketing are essential components of a successful promotion and communication strategy in rural contexts.							
Mapping		between C	Os and PS	Os				
between COs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
with PSOs	CO1							
	CO2							
	CO3							
	CO4							
	CO5							

Course code	ABM 512						
Course title	Fertilizer Technology & Management						
Corse credit	3 (3+0)						
Teaching per Week	3 hrs						
Course Objective (CO)							
course objective (co)	Provide exposure to most recent Nitrogenous and Complex fertilizer production technologies.						
	Improve participants' technical knowledge over a varied range						
	of fertilizer production techniques. Enhance the participants'						
	analytical and trouble-shooting skills by generating awareness						
	to						
	identify and resolve operational inefficiencies, if any, of their						
	facilities.						
Course Content	Unit 1 Fertilizer development: Concept, scope, need,						
	resource availability; import and export avenues for						
	fertilizer; types of fertilizers, grading and chemical						
	constituents, role of fertilizers in agricultural						
	production, production and consumption of						
	fertilizer in India.						
	Unit 2 Raw material Supply; Principles of manufacturing-						
	potassic fertilizers, secondary and micronutrient						
	formulations						
	Unit 3 Production efficiency: Production efficiency and						
	capacity utilization; quality control and legal						
	aspects fertilizer control order						
	Unit 4 Testing facilities; constraints in fertilizer use;						
	assessment of demand and supply of different fertilizers, fertilizer distribution, fertilizer storage.						
	Unit 5 Field trials and demonstrations; environmental						
	pollution due to fertilizers						
References:	1. Brady NC & Weil RR. 2002. The Nature and Properties						
references.	of Soils. 13 th Ed. Pearson Edu.						
	2. Fertilizer Control Order (different years). Fertilizer						
	Association of India, New Delhi.						
	3. Fertilizer Statistics (different years). Fertilizer						
	Association of India, New Delhi						
	4. Indian Journal of Fertilizers (different years). Fertilizer						
	Association of India, New Delhi.						
	5. San Chilli V. 1960. Chemistry and Technology of						
	Fertilizers. American Chemical Soc. Monograph Series.						
	Reinhold Publ. Corp.						
	6. Tisdale SL, Nelson WL, Beaton JD & Havlin JL. 2002.						
	Soil Fertility and Fertilizers. 5 th Ed. Prentice Hall.						
Course Outcomes	CO1: Understanding Fertilizer Production Processes: Grasp the						
	fundamental principles and technologies involved in the						



production of various types of fertilizers, including chemical, organic, and specialized formulations.

CO2: Analyzing Market Trends: Evaluate global and local market trends, demand-supply dynamics, and economic factors influencing the fertilizer industry, enabling effective decision-making and strategy development.

CO3:Environmental Impact Assessment: Assess the environmental impact of fertilizer production, distribution, and application, considering sustainability, ecological concerns, and regulatory compliance.

CO4: Optimizing Fertilizer Application: Learn techniques to optimize the application of fertilizers in different agricultural contexts, considering soil types, crop needs, and environmental sustainability.

CO5: Supply Chain Management: Understand the intricacies of fertilizer supply chains, including procurement, logistics, distribution, and inventory management, to ensure efficient operations.

Mapping between COs with PSOs

Mapping between COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
CO1							
CO2							
CO3							
CO4							
CO5							

CO = Course outcome with PSO = Program Specific outcome PO1

Principal & Dean
International Agribusiness Management Institute
Anand Agricultural University,
Anand-388110

Course code	ABM 513
Course title	Management of Agro Chemical Industry
Corse credit	3 (3+0)
Teaching per Week	3
Course Objective (CO)	The agrochemicals (pesticides, hydrogels, plant growth regulators
Course Objective (CO)	etc.) have played a pivotal role in the past in increasing agricultural
	productivity and production, and in protecting and preserving the
	human and animal food, feed, health and the belongings. Plant
	protection chemicals have and will continue to play a crucial role
	in meeting the food, feed and fiber needs of the mankind.
Course Content	Unit 1 Introduction: Agro-chemicals: Definition and
	classification; Basic knowledge of agrochemicals;
	role and status of agro-chemical industry in India;
	Pesticides – Classification and Introduction,
	knowledge of different pesticides.
	Unit 2 Insecticides: Insecticides – Definition and
	classification based on (a)Mode of Entry
	(b) Mode of Action and(c) Chemical Structure with
	example; Insecticidal formulation; preliminary
	knowledge of mode of action of insecticides;
	knowledge of plant protection equipments.
	Unit 3 Fungicides: Fungicides – Classification and
	preliminary knowledge of commonly used
	fungicides; Biomagnifications of pesticides and
	pesticidal pollution.
	Unit 4 Insecticide Act: Introductory knowledge about development of agro- chemicals;
	Insecticidal poisoning, symptoms and treatment;
	Main features of Insecticide Act.
	Unit 5 Plant Protection: Directorate of Plant Protection,
	Quarantine and Storage— A brief account of its
	organizational set up and functions; IPM Concept –
	Bio- pesticides – Plant products.
References:	1. Dhaliwal GS, Singh R & Chhillar BS. 2006. Essentials of
	Agricultural Entomology. Kalyani.
	2. Hayes WT & Laws ET. 1991. Hand Book of Pesticides.
	Academic Press.
	3. Matsumura F. 1985. Toxicology of Insecticides. 2 nd Ed.
	Plenum Publ.
	4. Rajeev K & Mukherjee RC. 1996. Role of Plant Quarantine
	in IPM. Aditya Books.
Course Outcomes	To familiarize the students with the agrochemicals, their structure,
	classification and development and
	management of agro-chemical industry.
L	i U U u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u



CO1: Agrochemical industry is a very vast field and deals with production and distribution of pesticides and fertilizers to increase the crop yields.

CO2: hey are highly important in obtaining increased yields as these are necessary to prevent pests and diseases in the field. Supplying adequate plant nutrients is essential for the healthy growth and production capacity of plants, thereby catering to the increased food supply.

CO3: Agrochemicals are crucial to the agriculture sector because they help farmers increase both the quality and quantity of their crops. The agrochemicals includes fertilizers, pesticides, herbicides, and other chemicals used to enhance crop yields and protect crops from pests and diseases.

CO4: Integrated Pest Management (IPM) is an eco-friendly approach which aims at keeping pest population at below economic threshold levels by employing all available alternate pest control methods and techniques such as cultural, mechanical and biological with emphasis on use of bio-pesticides and pesticides of plant-origin like neem formulations. The use of chemical pesticides is advised as a measure of last resort when pest population in the crop crosses economic threshold levels (ETL).

CO:5: One of the key short-coming of this act is that it is mainly pertinent to insecticides as the name suggests and the powers invested in the state are quite negligible in comparison. The act controls the import, manufacture, sale, transport, distribution and use of insecticides with a view to preventing risk to humans and animals, and for other matters connected therewith. Significantly, the legislation does not explicitly recognise environmental hazards of pesticides or the threat they pose to biodiversity.

Mapping between COs with PSOs

Mapping between COs and PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
CO1							
CO2							
CO3							
CO4							
CO5							

CO = Course outcome with PSO = Program Specific outcome PO1

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International Agribusiness Management Institute
Anand Agricultural University,
Anand-388110

Course code	ABM 514						
Course title	Seed Production Technology Management						
Corse credit	3 (3+0)						
Teaching per Week	3						
Course Objective (CO)	The course covers a wide range of seed science and technology						
	issues related to production of high quality seeds, processing,						
	testing, certification, quality control, seed policies and regulations,						
	variety release and registration, seed quality management in seed						
	multiplication systems, seed storage, marketing.						
Course Content	Unit 1 Seed Technology: Role of Seed Technology, its						
	Course Objective and goal, Seed Industry in India,						
	National Seed Corporation – Tarai Seed						
	Development, Corporation, State Seed						
	Corporations,						
	National Seed Project and State Farms and their						
	role.						
	Unit 2 Development and Management of Seed Programmes: Seed Village Concept, Basic						
	Programmes: Seed Village Concept, Basic Strategy of Seed Production and Planning and						
	Organization of Seed Programme; Types of Seed						
	Programme – Nucleus seed, Breeders seed,						
	Foundation seed and Certified seed etc.						
	Unit 3 Maintenance of genetic purity: Minimum seed						
	certification standard and Management of breeders						
	& Nucleus seed; Management of seed testing						
	laboratory and research and development.						
	Unit 4 Management of seed processing plant seed storage						
	management; seed packaging and						
	handling.						
	Unit 5 Seed Marketing: GM Crop seed, IPR, PBR,						
	Patents and related issues and their impact on						
	developing countries; Statutory intervention in the						
	seed industry; Seed legislation and seed law						
	enforcement, Seed act; Orientation and visit to						
	seed production farms, seed processing Units,						
	NSC,						
References:	RSSC, RSSCA and seed testing laboratories. 1. Agrawal RL. 2017. Seed Technology. Oxford & IBH.						
Kererences.	2. Desai BB, Katecha PM & Salunkhe DK. 2009. Seed						
	Handbook: Biology, Production, Processing and Storage.						
	3. Marcel Dekker. Kelly A. 1988. Seed Production of						
	Agricultural Crops.						
	4. Longman.McDonald MB Jr. & Copeland LO. 2012. Seed						
	Production: Principles and Practices. Chapman & Hall.						



Course Outcomes	To apprise students regarding principles and efficient management					
	of seed production technology.					
Mapping between COs with	Mapping between COs and PSOs					
PSOs	PSO1 PSO2 PSO3 PSO4 PSO5 PSO6 PSO7					
	CO1					
	CO2					
	CO3					
	CO4					
	CO5					
	CO = Course outcome with PSO = Program Specific outcome PO1					

Course code	ABM 515
Course title	Technology Management for Livestock Products
Corse credit	3+0
Teaching per Week	3 hr
Course Objective (CO)	Students may study two major topics include meat technology and dairy technology. They may also do research activities on product development, development of functional meat, an
	extension of shelf life, and development of milk products
Course Content	Unit 1: Present status of livestock products industry in India: Dairy, meat, skin and hides, wool, etc; SWOT analysis of livestock product industry, importance of value addition of livestock products, Concept of organic milk and meat. New techniques of biotechnology for improving food value. Unit 2: Manufacturing technologies: Dairy-Manufacturing technologies of various dairy products and by product utilization. Meat- Manufacturing technologies of meat and its products, industrial processing and utilization of wool and animal by-products, value added egg product development. Unit 3: Milk and meat processing plant: Layout and designing of milk and meat processing plant, abattoir design, sanitation and basic slaughterhouse practices, Plant Management-Production, planning and control, packaging, preservation and storage system for livestock products; transportation system for domestic markets and international markets. Unit4: Total quality management in processing Total quality management in processing of milk and its by product, meat and by product, value added egg duct and wool, Quality control measures during storage transit; extent of losses during storage and transport, management measures to minimize the loss. Unit 5: Marketing livestock products, Milk, meat, wool, fish etc and its by product, Marketing and distribution system of animal products; National and international specifications and quality standards for various products; environmental and legal issues involved.
References:	1. Prabhat Kumar Mandal and Ashim Kumar Biswas
	 (2014). Animal Products Technology, Studium Press India Pvt. Ltd.; 1st Edition 2. Aashim Kumar Bishwas, Prabhat Kumar Mandal (2014). Textbook of Poultry, Egg and Fish processing Technology, Studium Press (India) Pvt.Ltd.
Course Outcomes	Understanding the livestock-based products and its utilisation through case study methods



	 Inculcate the livestock-based technology for getting good value from the meat as a product through case study methods Understanding the plant management and planning for livestock products through case study methods Understanding the quality aspect of meat production through case study methods Understanding meat marketing and legal issues through case study methods 							
Mapping between COs	Mappii		een COs			1	T	1
with PSOs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
	CO1							
	CO2							
	CO3							
CO4								
	CO5							
	CO = Course outcome with PSO = Program Specific outco						outcome	

Course code	ABM 516						
Course code Course title	Fruit Production & Post harvest management						
Course	3(3+0)						
credit							
Teaching per	3 hrs						
Week							
Course	A dual purpose of preventing losses that occur due to harvest losses of fruits and						
Objective	vegetables vary from 25% to 40%, depending on the kind of <i>produce</i> and the pre and						
(CO)	post-harvest practices they are put through.						
Course	Unit 1 Introduction: Global and National Status of Horticultural production in						
Content	India and emerging scenario						
	Unit 2 Management of horticultural crops: Establishing an orchard, basic						
	cultural practices, regulation of flowering, fruiting and thinning,						
	protection against insect- pest, weeds: Maturity indices, Harvesting						
	and its relationship with quality, sorting and grading, pre-harvest crop						
	management practices and their influence on quality during storage						
	and marketing						
	Unit 3 Post harvest management in horticulture-procurement: Procurement						
	management, important factors for marketing, standardization and						
	quality control, packaging. Physiology of ripening and senescence.						
	Storage system: on-farm storage-evaporatively cooled stores,						
	ventilated storage, pit storage etc. Refrigerated storage refrigeration						
	cycle, controlled/modified atmosphere, hypobaric storage.						
	Unit 4 Post harvest management in horticulture process: Application of						
	growth regulators for quality assurance, post-harvest treatments: pre						
	cooling, heat treatments (hot water, hot air and vapor heat), fungicides						
	& biologically safe chemicals, irradiation, curing, pulsing <i>etc</i> . Packing						
	line operations,						
	packaging of horticultural produce. Transportation rail, road, sea, air.						
	Codex norms for export of perishables. Development of fruit-based						
	carbonated drinks, development of dehydrated products from some						
	important fruits, storage of pulp in pouches, essential oils from fruit						
	waste, dehydrated fruits. Market structure and export potential of						
	fruits.						
	Unit 5 Marketing of fruits: Problems in marketing of fruits, and government						
	policy; quality standards for domestic and international trade.						
References:	1. Acharya SS & Aggarwal NL. 2004. Agricultural Marketing in India. Oxford						
	& IBH.						
	2. Early R. 1995. Guide to Quality Management Systems for Food Industries.						
	Springer						
	3. Jelen P. 1985. <i>Introduction to Food Processing</i> . Reston Publishing.						
	4. Potly VH & Mulky MJ. 1993. Food Processing. Oxford & IBH						
	5. P. J. Fellows (2016). Food Processing Technology Principles and Practice,						
	Woodhead Publishing, 4th Edition						
	 Springer Jelen P. 1985. <i>Introduction to Food Processing</i>. Reston Publishing. Potly VH & Mulky MJ. 1993. <i>Food Processing</i>. Oxford & IBH P. J. Fellows (2016). <i>Food Processing Technology Principles and Practice</i>, 						



	6. Po	tter, N. N.	(2018). F	ood science	e. McGraw	-Hill Educ	cation, 6th	Edition	
	7. Singh R.P, Heldman D.R (2013). <i>Introduction to Food Engineering</i> . Elsevier								
	Inc., 5thEdition								
	8. J. Scott Smith, Y.H. Hui (2013) Food Processing: Principles and								
		plications	•						
Course								ost-harvest	
Outcomes	-	_	_	ransportation		•			
		_	of horticu	ıltural crop	os: Pre an	d Post-har	vest mana	agement of	
	horticultu								
		•	_				_	s critical to	
					•	uding qual	ity assurar	nce, supply	
		_	_	tory compl					
								Showcase a	
			ng of post	-harvest pr	ocesses, ir	icluding st	orage, tran	sportation,	
	and qualit	•		44 .			1 1.2	4 .	
					-		_	ons, market	
3.6				rences on f	ruit produ	ction and p	ost-harves	t practices	
Mapping	Mapping		Os and PS		DGO 4	DC C	Daos	DG O.Z	
between	901	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	
COs with	CO1								
PSOs	CO2								
	CO3								
	CO4								
	CO5								

Course code	ABM 517
Course title	Farm Power & Machinery Management
Corse credit	2 (2+0)
Teaching per	2 hrs
Week	
Course	The role of mechanization and its relationship to productivity, employment, social
Objective	and technological change; performance and power analysis (Various sources of farm
(CO)	power, their availability and utilization) cost analysis of mechanized agriculture.
Course	Unit 1 Farm power and tractors: Farm power in India - sources, IC engines –
Content	working principles, two stoke and four stoke engines, IC engine terminology, different systems of IC engine. Tractors – types and utilities.
	Unit 2 Tillage and Tillage machinery: Tillage – ploughing methods – primary tillage implements – mould board, disc plough and chisel plough – secondary tillage implements – cultivators, harrows and rotovators – wetland equipment – puddlers, tramplers and cage wheels.
	Unit 3 Sowing, Planting and Intercultural Equipment: Sowing methods – seed drills, seed cum fertilizer drills – Paddy transplanters – nursery requirements – implements for intercultural operations – wet land, dry land and garden land intercultural tools. Plant Protection Gadgets, Harvesting Machinery and Horticulture tools: Plant protection
	equipment, tools for horticultural crops. Unit 4 Agricultural equipments industry: Agricultural equipments production, marketing and constraints; establishment of agricultural engineering enterprises (agro service centers, etc.). Equipment for land development and farm machinery selection: Equipment for land development and soil conservation.
	Unit 5 Cost analysis of operations: Cost analysis of operations using different implements, economic performance of machines, optimization of tractor implements system and transport of farm produce. Cost of operation of farm machinery – Tractor and implement selection
References:	 Senthilkumar, T., R. Kavitha and V.M.Duraisamy 2015. A text book of farm machinery, Thannambikkai Publications, Coimbatore. Jagadishwar Sahay, 2010. Elements of agricultural engineering. Standard
	Publishers Distributors, New Delhi.
Course	CO1 Empowering Agriculture: Understanding Farm Power Sources, IC Engine
Outcomes	Dynamics, and Tractor Varieties and Applications in the Indian Context.
	CO2: Cultivating Efficiency: Exploring Tillage Techniques and Machinery - From
	Ploughing Methods to Wetland Equipment, Enhancing Agricultural Practices for
	Productivity. CO3: Precision in Agriculture: Leveraging Advanced Equipment for Efficient
	CO3: Precision in Agriculture: Leveraging Advanced Equipment for Efficient Sowing, Intercultural Operations, and Plant Protection in Crop Cultivation.
	CO4 Cultivating Progress: Unveiling Agricultural Equipment Industry Dynamics -
	Production, Marketing Challenges, and the Genesis of Agricultural Engineering
	Production, Practical Charlenges, and the Ochesis of Agricultural Elighteening



	Enterprises, with a Focus on Land Development and Soil Conservation Machinery									
	Selection.									
	CO5 Efficiency in Agriculture: Unveiling Cost Analysis Insights - from Implement									
	Economic	s and Mac	hinery Opt	timization	to Streaml	ined Farm	Produce T	ransport.		
Mapping	Mapping between COs and PSOs									
between COs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7		
with PSOs	CO1									
	CO2									
	CO3									
	CO4									
	CO5									

Course code	ABM 518
Course title	Food retail management
Corse credit	2 (2 + 0)
Teaching per Week	2 hr
Course Objective (CO)	Identify the most dramatic change in food retailing today; Assess the
course objective (eo)	variety and Define a target market; Explain why a retailer would want
	to meet the needs of a Customer. Describe the steps to recruiting top
	talent; Identify selection and training, protection equipment, tools for
	horticultural crops.
Course Content	Unit 1: Introduction to Food market: Introduction to International
	Food market, India's Competitive Position in World Food Trade,
	Foreign Investment in Global Food Industry, Retail management and
	Food Retailing, The Nature of Change in Retailing, Organized
	Retailing in India, E-tailing and Understanding food preference of
	Indian Consumer, Food consumption and Expenditure pattern,
	Demographic and Psychographic factors affecting Food Pattern of
	Indian Consumer.
	Unit 2: Value Chain in Food Retailing: Value chain and value
	additions across the chain in food retail, Principal trends in food
	wholesaling and retailing, Competition and pricing in food retailing,
	various retailing formats, the changing nature of food stores, market
	implications of new retail developments, food service marketing.
	Unit 3: Marketing Mix in Food Retail Management: Merchandise
	Management, Pricing Strategies used in conventional and non-
	conventional food retailing, Public distribution system, 48 Promotion
	mix for food retailing, Management of sales promotion and Publicity,
	Advertisement Strategies for food retailers & Brand Management in
	Retailing.
	Unit 4: Managing Retail Operations: Managing Retailers' Finances,
	Merchandise buying and handling, Logistics, procurement of Food
	products and Handling Transportation of Food Products.
	Unit 5: Retail Sales Management: Types of Retail Selling,
	Salesperson selection, Salesperson training, Evaluation and
	Monitoring, Customer Relationship Management, Managing Human
	Resources in retailing, Legal and Ethical issues in Retailing.
References:	1. Singh, Sukhpal, 2011. Fresh food retails in India: Organisation
	and impacts, Allied publishers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
	2. Mahapatra. S, Food Retail Management, Kalyani Publishers
	3. Zentes, Joachim, Morschett, Dirk, Schramm-Klein, Hanna
	(2017). Strategic RetailManagement: Text and International
	Cases, Springer Gabler
	4. Agrawal, Narendra, Smith, Stephen A. (2015). Retail Supply
	chain Management: Quantitative Models and Empirical
	Studies, Springer; 2nd revised edition



Course Outcomes	CO1 R	etail One	rations: 9	Students	will be al	ale to unc	lerstand a	and apply
Course Outcomes		-						
		the principles of retail management specific to the food industry,						
		including store layout, merchandising, inventory management, and customer service.						
					C. 1 .	*11.1	11 .	, ,
								alyze and
	-				_	_		tion, and
	_		ire effici	ent and e	ttective	delivery	of produ	cts to the
	retail ou							
							•	consumer
	-							etail, and
			rstanding	to deve	elop effe	ctive ma	rketing a	and sales
	strategie							
			-					stand and
								including
	labeling	, hygien	e standar	ds, and o	ther rele	vant regu	ılations g	overning
	food ret	ail opera	tions.					
	CO5. B	usiness	Developr	nent: Stu	idents w	ill be ab	le to dev	elop and
	implem	ent busi	ness stra	ategies 1	for food	retail (outlets, i	including
	expansi	on plans,	, market	analysis,	and fina	ncial ma	nagemen	t specific
	to the fo	od retail	industry	•				
Mapping between COs	Mappin	g betwee	en COs ai	nd PSOs				
with PSOs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
	CO1							
	CO2							
	CO3							
	CO4							
	CO5							
	CO = C	ourse ou	tcome wi	th PSO =	= Prograr	n Specifi	c outcon	ne PO1

Course ande	ADM 510
Course code	ABM 519
Course title	Management of Agricultural Input Marketing
Corse credit	2 (2+0)
Teaching per Week	2
Course Objective	agricultural input marketing and an exposure to social and ethical issues is
(CO)	oriented in the course.
	The present course aims at familiarizing the participants with various aspects
	of agricultural input
	marketing in India.
Course Content	Unit 1 Market for agricultural inputs: Nature of demand, promotional media, nature of competition, a framework for understanding the markets for inputs, agronomic potential, agro economic potential, effective demand, actual consumption. Unit 2 Marketing of seeds: Government policy, product, trade practices in seed production, seed pricing, input costs, distribution system, management of seed distribution. proper storage of seeds, promotion, problems faced by seed industry, strategy for a seed enterprise, source of seeds, terms of transaction for seed procurements. Unit 3 Marketing of fertilizers: Nature of Indian fertilizer market, product, fertilizer distribution,marketing cost and margins, credit, dealer selection and management, fertilizer promotion and extension, promotional program, advertising in fertilizers, emerging marketing mix in fertilizers, strategies
	Unit 4 Marketing of pesticides: Market profile, structure of industry, farmer behaviour, problems of farmers in pesticide purchase and usage, marketing mix, bio pesticides market development and promotion activities, problems in marketing of bio pesticides. Integrated pest management. Unit 5 Marketing of tractors: Segments in tractor market, market share, nature of demand, buyer behaviour, role of distribution, promotion, MNC's. Marketing of credit-Nature of market, market segment, market players, marketing mix, marketing options. Strategies for input marketing- Client and location specific promotion, joint promotion, interdependence of input markets, management of demands, developmental marketing, usp, extension services, ethics in business, sustainability.
References:	 Mahapatra. S. <i>Management of Agricultural Inputs</i>, NIPA Publishers S. P. Seetharaman : <i>Agricultural Input Marketing</i>, Oxford & IBH Pub. Co.



	3. C. S. G. Krishnamacharyulu: Rural Marketing: Text and Cases,								
	Pearson Education India								
	4. Pingali Venugopal (2014). Agri-input Marketing in India, SAGE								
	Publication; 1st Edition								
Course Outcomes	To enhance the understanding and analytical capabilities with respect to								
	products, market								
	environment, and operational issues in marketing of agricultural inputs.								
	CO1: Agricultural inputs are defined as products permitted for use in organic								
	farming. These include feedstuffs, fertilizers and permitted plant protection								
	products as well as cleaning agents and additives used in food production.								
	CO2: Agricultural marketing is important not just for increasing productivity								
	and consumption, but also for accelerating economic growth. Its dynamic								
	functions play a critical role in encouraging economic growth.								
	CO3: Agrochemicals are crucial to the agriculture sector because they help								
	farmers increase both the quality and quantity of their crops. The								
	agrochemicals includes fertilizers, pesticides, herbicides, and other chemicals								
	used to enhance crop yields and protect crops from pests and diseases.								
	CO4: Comprehensive marketing strategy formulation and effective								
	implementation in highly competitive market are given substantial important.								
	CO:5: The product domain includes seeds, fertilizer, agrochemical, bio								
	product and farm machinery and equipment give better understanding of input								
	market for rural population.								
Mapping between	Mapping between COs and PSOs								
COs with PSOs	PSO1 PSO2 PSO3 PSO4 PSO5 PSO6 PSO7								
	CO1								
	CO2								
	CO3								
	CO4								
	CO5								
	CO = Course outcome with PSO = Program Specific outcome PO1								

Principal & Dean
International Agribusiness Management Institute
Anand Agricultural University,
Anand-388110

Course code	ABM 520
Course title	Feed Business Management
Corse credit	2
Teaching per Week	0
Course Objective (CO)	It will help in gaining a deeper understanding of the production,
	processing and marketing of cattle feed, poultry feed and fish feed.
Course Content	Unit 1: Feed resources: Gap between demand and availability of nutrients; status of feed industry in India and world, constraints in the development of Indian feed industry. Unit 2: Nutrients requirements of livestock and poultry: Knowledge about the quality of feed ingredients used in feed manufacturing. Procurement procedure of feed ingredients, scientific storage of feeds and feed ingredients. BIS, CLAFMA and all other commercial standards of all class of livestock and poultry feeds. Unit 3: Feed preparation: Layout and design of feed plants, feed plant management; Basic principles of processing of feeds, Feed preparation for cattle and poultry and as specialty feeds for aqua and pet animals. vestock and poultry feeds. Unit 4: Importance of mineral mixture: Feed additives, supplements and pass feed, to know the new technology regarding improving the feeding value of poor quality roughages. To acquaint the concept of silage technology, complete feed block technology, hydroponics technology and UMMB technology. Unit 5: Feed Distribution: Distribution channels, regulations relating to manufacture and sale of feed stuffs.
References:	 Frank B. Morrison (1961). Feeds and Feeding, Abridged, Morrison Publishing; 9th edition John Moran (2005). Tropical Dairy Farming: Feeding Management for Small Holder Dairy Farmers in the Humid Tropics, Csiro Publishing John Moran and Scott McDonald (2010). Feed pads for Grazing Dairy Cows, Csiro Publishing. Richard O. Kellems and David C. Church (2009). Livestock Feeds and Feeding, Pearson; 6th Edition
Course Outcomes	Inculcate the information regarding demand and supply of feed resources through power point presentation Understanding animal feed requirements and resources through case study

	3.	3. Inculcate the information of plant lay out of design						
		through circulation of quality materials through different						
		books						
	4.	Unders	tanding	the mine	eral mix	ture prej	paration	through
		literatu	res and o	online m	aterials			
	Unders	standing	feed dis	tribution	n strateg	y throug	h case st	tudy
Mapping between COs	Mappi	ng betwo	een COs	and PSO	Os			
with PSOs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
	CO1							
	CO2							
	CO3							
	CO4							
	CO5							
	CO = Course outcome with PSO = Program Specific outcome							
	PO1					-	-	

Course ande	ABM 521							
Course title	Management of Veterinary Hospitals							
Course true Corse credit	2 (2+0)							
	2 (2+0) 2 hrs							
Teaching per Week								
Course	It will halp in coining a deeper understanding of the Veterinary Coionea is the							
Objective	It will help in gaining a deeper understanding of the Veterinary Science is the							
(CO)	science of treating and curing the diverse types of Animals.							
(CO)								
Course	Unit 1 Needs, aims and objectives: Objectives of Veterinary hospitals; the							
Content	existing and simulated situations under which veterinary hospitals							
	work or are to work.							
	Unit 2 Designing and planning an ideal hospital: Optimizing the use of							
	resources - human, space, equipment, drugs, time, capital, etc.;							
	Materials management and problems Normal purchase procedure.							
	Receipt; storage and distribution of materials Cost reduction &							
	scientific inventory control. Information system and materials							
	management performance. Equipment maintenance, condemnation &							
	disposal.							
	Unit 3 Authority, responsibility: Accountability of management for							
	optimizing the use of skill, developing and upgrading skills and							
	technology; efficient system of record keeping and accounting;							
	Concept of quality & Total quality management (T.Q.M) Introduction							
	to Veterinary audit, Statistical quality control (S.Q.C.), Quality control							
	Circle (Q.C.C.).							
	Unit 4 Hospital information system: Hospital information system as an aid to							
	efficient controlling and monitoring; need for financial resources -							
	investment and working capital; Records: Types & Methodology,							
	Reports and Reporting system. Contemporary and need-based methods							
	of accounting; General consideration. Need based information system.							
	Applicability in surveillance & monitoring; planning & policy making;							
	cost control.							
	Unit 5 Quality control system: Economic functions and quality control							
	system; Animal health Economics: An introduction Need for financial							
	resources (type and need). Investment planning and working capital; Budgeting and cost cutting (cost control). legal aspects in the							
	functioning of the hospital.							
References:	1. Veterinary Practice Management: A Practical Guide by Maggie							
References.	Shilcock and Georgina Stutchfield.							
	2. Veterinary Hospital Management: A Clinical Guide by Karen Parker.							
Course	CO1: Healing Hands: Unveiling the Objectives of Veterinary Hospitals and							
Outcomes	Adapting to Varied Operational Scenarios for Optimal Care.							
	CO2: Healthcare Harmony: Crafting the Ideal Hospital - Efficient Resource							
	Optimization, Streamlined Materials Management, and Robust Information							
	Systems for Enhanced Performance.							
	Systems for Emissional Conformation.							



	CO3: Empowering Healthcare Excellence: Management's Accountability in Skill Utilization, Technological Advancements, Effective Record Keeping, and the Integration of Total Quality Management Principles in Veterinary Practices. CO4 Digital Wellness: Leveraging Hospital Information Systems for Effective Control, Financial Management, and Informed Decision-Making - A Comprehensive Guide to Records, Reports, and Contemporary Accounting in Healthcare. CO5 Balancing Health and Wealth: Integrating Economic Functions, Animal Health Economics, and Legal Aspects for an Effective Quality Control System in Veterinary Hospitals.							
Mapping between COs	Mapping	PSO1	Os and PS PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
with PSOs	CO1	1301	1302	1303	1504	1303	1300	1307
	CO2							
	CO3							
	CO4							
	CO5							

Course ande	ABM 522									
Course title										
	Poultry and Hatchery Management									
Corse credit	2 (2+0)									
Teaching per	2 hrs									
Week										
Course	To give the opportunity for trainees to learn about raising chickens for their meat									
Objective	and eggs in order to manage a small-scale, commercial poultry enterprise that will be profitable									
(CO)	be profitable									
Course	Unit 1 Poultry and hatchery Business: Poultry and hatchery industry; Present									
Content	scenario of Poultry industry, Integration in poultry farming, Scope and									
	future perspective, role of management in poultry industry.									
	Unit 2 Poultry and hatchery unit: Planning and establishing a poultry and									
	hatchery unit- location, size and construction; farm and hatchery									
	equipments and physical facilities; organizing and managing a poultry									
	farm and hatchery.									
	Unit 3 Incubation and hatching Production of quality chicks and eggs; factors									
	affecting hatchability; bio-security and hatchery sanitation; handling									
	of hatching eggs; maintaining chick quality-chick grading, sexing,									
	packing, dispatch, transportation and chick delivery.									
	Unit 4 Franchise hatcheries management: Custom hatching; brooding;									
	growing and laying management; crisis management; industrial									
	breeding, feeding, housing and disease management; waste									
	management; Record management; cost accounting and budgetary									
	control.									
	Unit 5 Personal management and insurance: Labour relations including wages									
	and salaries, job evaluation and employee appraisal; marketing									
	management direct sale and sale through franchisees/ agents,									
	advertisement, sale and after sale services, other innovative sales									
	strategies.									
References:	1. Hand book of poultry science									
	2. G. K. Rathinam, (2015) Manual of Hatchery Management: For Poultry									
	Professionals Hardcover.									
Course	CO1: Feathers of Success: Insights into Poultry and Hatchery Business, Current									
Outcomes	Dynamics, Integrated Farming, and the Crucial Role of Management in Shaping the									
	Future.									
	CO2: From Blueprint to Brood: Strategic Planning, Infrastructure Essentials, and									
	Effective Management Principles for Successful Poultry and Hatchery Units.									
	CO3: Eggs to Chicks: Mastering Incubation and Hatching for Quality Poultry									
	Production - Factors Influencing Hatchability, Bio-security Measures, and Best									
	Practices in Chick Handling, Grading, and Delivery.									
	CO4 Franchise Hatcheries Mastery: Tailored Hatching Processes, Comprehensive									
	Livestock Management, Crisis Handling, and Efficient Operations from Industrial									
	Breeding to Waste Management.									



	CO5 Hun	CO5 Human Capital and Market Success: Navigating Labor Relations, Marketing						
	Strategies	Strategies, and Innovative Sales Approaches for Personal Management and						
	Insurance	Insurance.						
Mapping	Mapping	Mapping between COs and PSOs						
between COs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
with PSOs	CO1							
	CO2							
	CO3							
	CO4							
	CO5							

Course code	ABM 523							
Course title	Management of Floriculture and Landscaping							
Course credit								
	2(2+0)							
Teaching per	2 hrs							
Week								
Course	The objective of this course is to expose the students to floriculture and landscaping							
Objective	technologies and their Agri-business implications including international trade.							
(CO)								
Course	Unit 1 Introduction: Introduction, importance and scope of floriculture and							
Content	landscaping; Recent advances in the floriculture industry.							
	Unit 2 Indoor and ornamental plants: Raising of foliage plants in pots,							
	production technology of ornamental plants, commercial cultivation of							
	flower crops (rose, jasmine gladiolus, tuberose, marigold, aster,							
	carnation, gerbera, cilium chrysanthemum; special techniques for							
	forcing of flowers for export.							
	Unit 3 Introduction: Drying and dehydration of flowers; bonsai; scope of							
	landscaping, response of flowering plants to environmental stresses							
	Unit 4 Landscape gardening: Styles of gardening; modern and traditional							
	garden planning; Socio-aesthetic planning; use of computers in							
	designing gardens; planning towns							
	Unit 5 Value Addition in floriculture: Extraction, purification and storage of							
	essential oils and perfumes; post-harvest storage changes; packing							
	techniques of produce harvesting of flowers for export and home use,							
	Export-Import trade in flowers and their specifications along major							
	trading countries.							
References:	1. Banker, Narendra <i>Landscape gardening</i> , 2011, IBDC publishers, Lucknow							
	2. Misra, R. L. and Misra, Sanyat. 2012, Landscape gardening, Westville							
	Publishing House, New Delhi							
	3. Chadha K. L and Choudhary B. 2006, Ornamental Horticulture in India.							
	ICAR. New Delhi							
	4. Grindal E. W. Every Day Gardening in India. D.B. Tarporevala Sons.							
	5. Randhawa G. S. and Mukhopadhyay A. 1998, Floriculture in India. Allied							
	Publ., New Delhi							
Course	CO1: Introduction to floriculture and landscaping: Understanding future scope of							
Outcomes	the segment							
	CO2: Technological advancements: Commercial techniques available							
	CO3: Preservation techniques Understanding of drying and dehydration of flowers							
	and methods to reduce stress on flowers							
	CO4: Design Innovations identify market opportunities, innovate in design and							
	management practices, and communicate the business potential of entrepreneurial							
	initiatives in the floral and landscaping industry.							
	CO5: Value added products made from flowers: Understanding of the value added							
	products as well as by products that can help in economic gain realisation							



Mapping		Mapping between COs and PSOs						
between COs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
with PSOs	CO1							
	CO2							
	CO3							
	CO4							
	CO5							

Course code	ABM 524
Course title	Risk Management in Agri Business
Course credit	2(2+0)
Teaching per	2 hrs
Week	
Course Objective (CO)	Identification, mitigation and management of risk is unique to agriculture-production, markets, finance, Institutions and HR. Policy implications at local, regional, national as well as international level. Data analysis and research findings to help in decision making at firm and industry levels using history to guide future events/projection, Degree of risk varies in agri- business compared to other sectors.
Course Content	Unit 1. Financial Intermediation, Indian Financial system, Origin and Growth of Banking. RBI and its functions. Principles of Banking, Banking Law and Practice. Nationalization of Banks in India, Deposit Products, Lending Activities, Retail Banking, Wealth Management, Financing SMEs, Corporate Banking, Forex Management, Fee-Based & Subsidiary Services, Plastic Money, Role of Central Banks, Emerging Trends in Banking, Fundamentals of International Banking. Unit 2: Strategic Issues in Bank Marketing, Positioning Bank Services in the Market, New Product Development, Pricing and Launching, New Distribution Channels for Bank Marketing, Communicating and Promoting Bank Services, Improving Quality and Productivity, Customer Relationship Management in Banks, Globalizing Bank Services, Opportunities and Challenges in Bank Marketing. Unit 3: Credit Policy in Banks, Principles of Credit Management, Objectives of Credit Management, Credit Disbursal and Monitoring, Credit Deployment and Types of Borrowers, Follow up and Recovery Management, Treasury Operations, Introduction to Risk Management in Banks, Rural Banking in India, Security Considerations, Control System in Banks, Corporate Governance in Banks, Annual Reports and Statutory Audit. Unit 4: Introduction to Banking Operations, Front Office and Back Office Operations, Operational Controls, Demand Forecasting and Resource Allocation, Policy Framing – Deposits, Advances and Investments, Services Design and Delivery Strategies in Banks, Service Quality Metrics, Work Measurement and Quality Assurance, Payment and Settlement Systems, RTGS and Clearing House, Cash Management Services, Facilities Planning, ERP in Banks, BPR in Banks, IT Enabled Supply Chain Management, Disaster and Recovery Management. Unit 5: Introduction to Risk, Risk Management Essentials, Measurement of Risk, Loss Exposure, Risk Management — Non-insurance Industry, Insurance Market, Insurance as Risk Management Techniques, Selection and Implementation of
References:	Risk Management Techniques. 1. Jyotsna Sethi&Nishwan Bhatia. 2012. Elements of Banking and
References.	Insurance. PHI Learning Wang Jian & Abdur Rehman. 2016. Risk



	M	Management in Agriculture: Theories and Methods. Science Publishing							
	_	group							
		2. Hardaker J. B., Huirne R.B.M., Anderson J. R., Lien G (2004). Coping							
					Publishing				
			-			agement &	z Financia	l Services.	
				7th editio					
Course						•		he various	
Outcomes	• •		_		perations,	including	productio	n, market,	
		and enviro							
								implement	
	0			_		_		insurance,	
			tion, and c	other risk n	nanagemei	nt tools to	minimize	the impact	
	of adverse								
			•					to conduct	
		•		-		-	-	ons, and to	
					sk manage				
								be able to	
		_	•	-				gement in	
	-		-		n environn	nental regu	ilations, f	ood safety	
		and contr		_					
								to make	
						•		ing factors	
				value, and	i risk toler	ance, to of	otimize ot	itcomes in	
Manning		ess operati		ZO _a					
Mapping between COs	wiapping	between C			DCO 4	DCO5	DCOC	DCO7	
between COs with PSOs	CO1	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	
with PSOS	CO1								
	CO2								
	CO3								
	CO4								
	CO5								

Course code	ABM 525
Course title	Management of Agri Business Co-Operatives
Corse credit	2 (2+0)
Teaching per Week	2
Course Objective (CO)	Proper management enables cooperatives to offer high quality, efficient
Course Objective (CO)	and effective services to their members. Moreover, well managed
	agricultural cooperatives can also contribute to wider development
	issues such as food security, sustainable use of natural resources and
	inclusive employment creation
Course Content	Unit 1: Cooperative administration: Global perspective, ecology of
	cooperative administration, cooperative sector and economic
	development.
	Unit 2: Cooperative management: Nature, functions and purpose of
	cooperatives – procurement, storage, processing, marketing, process of
	cooperative formation, role of leadership in cooperative management.
	Unit3: Cooperative Movement: The state and cooperative movement,
	effects of cooperative law in management, long range planning for
	cooperative expansion, policy making.
	Unit 4: Human resource management: Placement and role of board of
	directors in cooperative management.
	Unit 5: Overview of agribusiness cooperative: Credit cooperatives,
	cooperative marketing, dairy cooperative; financing agribusiness
	cooperative.
	Unit 6: FPO- Overview and Basic Concepts, Structure, Formation and
	Functions, Schemes & Policy Initiatives, Business Planning, Financial
	Management, Managing Farmer Producer Organisations, Opportunities
	and challenges involved, Successful models.
References:	1. Kamat GS. 2011. New Dimensions of Cooperative
	Management. Himalaya Publ. House.
	2. Ansari AA. 1990. Cooperative Management Patterns. Anmol
	Publ.
	3. Ravichandran & Nakkiran. 2009. Cooperation (Theory &
	Practice) Neha Publishers & Distributors; Sah AK. 1984.
	Professional Management for the Cooperatives. Vikas Publ. House Anwar. S A.
	4. HRM Practice in Cooperative Sector. Idea Publishing 5. Sukhpal Singh Former producer Organization
Course Outcomes	5. Sukhpal Singh Farmer producer Organization1. Imparting Cooperative principles in the mindset of students
Course Outcomes	through case study methods
	2. Lead to social responsibility and sustainability in agriculture
	through case study methods
	3. Cooperative management is the best way to conflict resolution
	and resource allocation through case study methods
	4. Understanding the concept of laws in cooperative management
	and its administration through case study methods
<u> </u>	



		5. Inculcate the knowledge of cooperative principles across the sector through case study methods							
Mapping between COs			een COs		•				
with PSOs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	
	CO1								
	CO2								
	CO3								
	CO4								
	CO5								
	CO = C	Course o	utcome	with PS	O = Prog	gram Sp	ecific ou	itcome F	PO1

Course code	ABM 526							
Course title	Business Analytics for Agriculture							
Corse credit	2 (1+1)							
Teaching per	3 hrs							
Week								
Course	To make the students understand the concepts of data science tools and techniques							
Objective	and develop the skills for using it strategically and for the developing of the agri							
(CO)	usiness sector.							
Course	Unit 1 Introduction to data science, evolution of data science, work profile of							
Content	a data scientist, career in data science, nature of data science, typical working day of a data scientist, importance of data science in agribusiness; defining algorithm, big data, business analytics, statistical learning, defining machine learning, defining artificial intelligence, data mining; difference between analysis and analytics,							
	business intelligence and business analytics, typical process of business analytics cycle. Unit 2 Fundamentals of R and RStudio, fundamentals of packages of RStudio,							
	data manipulations, data transformations, normalization, standardization, missing values imputation, dummy variables, data visualization (2D and 3D), basic architecture of machine learning analytical cycle, descriptive analytics case study covering data manipulation, measures of central tendency, measures of dispersion, measures of distribution, measures of associations, t-test, f test, ANOVA, Chi -square test, basic statistical modelling framework.							
	Unit 3 Supervised machine learning: Basic framework, regression models and classification models. Linear regression, nonlinear regression, multiple regression, polynomial regression, lasso regression, ridge regression, stepwise regression, quantile regression, logistic regression.							
	Unit 4 Supervised machine learning: Linear discriminant analysis, principal component analysis, factor analysis, support vector machines, naïve Bayes, nearest neighbors, decision trees, random forest, ensemble methods, <i>k</i> -fold cross validation, X gradient boosting. Unsupervised machine learning-basic framework, concept of clustering, k-means, c-means, hierarchical clustering, hidden markov models, forecasting models (AR, MA, ARMA and ARIMA).							
	Unit 5 Deep learning: Basic framework of neural nets, types of neural nets, computer vision, object detection and localization, gradient descent optimization for loss function, regularization L1 and L2, feed forward neural nets, back propagation, recurrent neural nets, convolutional neural nets, reinforcement neural net, concurrent net, introduction to IoT. All the illustrations used in the syllabus of Data Science in Agribusiness will be primarily from agribusiness domains and RStudio will be used for practical purposes.							



References:	 Deep Learning with R. MEAP Edition, Manning Early Access Program. Version 1, © 2017, Manning Publication R. Gareth James, Daniela Witten, Trevor Hastie and Robert Tibshirani. 2017. An Introduction to Statistical Learning with Application in R. Springer Publication Frank Millstein. 2018. Machine Learning With Tensor flow: A Deeper Look At Machine Learning With TensorFlow Jeffrey Stanton. 2012. Introduction to Data Science. Version 3, SAGE Publications 								
Course Outcomes	4. Jeffrey Stanton. 2012. Introduction to Data Science. Version 3, SAGE Publications CO1: Introduction to Data Science: It gained the comprehensive understanding of the field of data science. It includes key terms such as algorithm, big data, business analytics, statistical learning, machine learning, artificial intelligence, and data mining, etc. CO2: Introduction to R Software: It gives strong foundation with practical aspects using R and R Studio. It covers the practical skills in handling different data and visualization with different statistical test. CO3: Supervise Machine Learning: It covers basic framework of supervise machine learning and its models including linear regression, nonlinear regression, multiple regression, polynomial regression, lasso regression, logistic regression, etc. CO4: Unsupervised Machine Learning: It includes the unsupervised machine learning framework including concept of clustering, k-means, hierarchical clustering and forecasting models. CO5: Deep Learning: It covers the basic concepts of deep learning and internet of things.								
Mapping		between C	1	1	I	1	1		
between	001	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	
COs with	CO1								
PSOs	CO2								
	CO3 CO4								
	CO4								
	COS								

Course code	ABM 527
Course title	Dairy Business Management
Corse credit	1 (1+0)
Teaching per Week	1
Course Objective (CO)	The main objective of dairy management course is to provide basic input to students about production, planning and management of dairy farms, entrepreneurship development in milk preservation, entrepreneurship development in dairy processing and management of dairy farm, cooperative and industry
Course Content	Unit 1: Dairy Development in India: Dairy organizations: functioning, Challenges and Opportunities, Anand pattern dairy Cooperatives: features and impact; Public sector dairy schemes, Dairy Development schemes, Dairy problems and policies, National Dairy Plan-I, Rise of Producer Companies. Policy Frameworks in context to dairying. Unit 2: Dairy Plant Management System: Production planning and control in dairy plants, milk procurement from the rural milk producer, milk processing and products manufacturing. Pricing and marketing of milk and milk products. Survey on milk production potential and marketed surplus of milk for setting up of milk plants, energy utilization, Conventional and nonconventional sources of energy used in dairy sector. Concept of Quality; TQM concept and Kaizen in Dairy Industry, new concepts in quality assurance (HACCP; ISO certification); patent laws, pollution control laws in relation to dairy plants. Guidelines for obtaining ISO/HACCP certification for dairy plants. SQC in dairy operations Unit 3: Marketing Management, Supply Chain and International Trade in Dairy sector: Marketing mix in relation to dairy sector, marketing environment. Marketing Opportunities Analysis in Milk and Milk Products: Demand status of Milk and milk products in the country, growth rates, Marketing research and marketing information systems; Market measurement present and future demand; Market forecasting. Market segmentation, Product-mix; Promotion mix decisions. Advertising; Sales Promotion. Food and Dairy Products Marketing, Consumer Buying Behaviour; New product development process Price determination and pricing policy International Marketing Marketing; Composition & direction of Indian exports Exports- Direct exports, indirect exports; WTO and its Implications; SPS/TBT; Supply chain Management in Dairy sector Logistics Management: Primary and Secondary Markets; Distribution channels; chilling points Unit 4: Strategic, HR Management and Entrepreneurship in Dairy Sector: PESTLE analysis, BCG matrix, Strat



	ı									
	Financial, Use of					••	rol tools.			
	HR management	practices	in dairy	sector, Pi	romotion	S,				
	transfers employ	ee remun	eration a	nd other	HR bene	efits and p	oroblems.			
	Motivation, turi	Motivation, turnover, employee capacity building, Training and								
	orientation etc. s					_	_			
	human values; la									
	TIDP plant setting						paration,			
	-	-		-	•	-	wy saatam			
	Unit 5: Financia	_			•		•			
	Nature and uses		•		•		_			
	Activity ratios, P		•	•		•				
	long term capita									
	NABARD, Gove									
	preference share	capital, ed	quity shar	re capital	& retaine	ed earning	s, overall			
	cost of capital. C	apital bud	dgeting ir	n dairy In	dustry. V	arious te	chniques:			
	NPV, IRR, etc.	Financia	al Planni	ing and	control	in dairy	Industry:			
	Budgeting proces									
	Cost Volume –		_		_	-				
	analysis, Profit a		•	-	_	_				
	Costing in Dairy	•	-	•		•	•			
	dairy products –		_	_		_				
	Paneer, etc. Esse		_							
	costing, elements			~ .						
	of remunerating			_						
References:										
References.	1. Acharya				illy Plou	uction &	Dusiness			
	Managem		-	_	1.1					
	2. Rao Venl		•		ness Mai	nagement				
	3. Singh Un					, 1	•			
Course Outcomes	1. Understa	-	•	siness ma	nagemer	it and env	ironment			
	through c	•								
	2. Understa	_	quality r	related iss	sues in da	airy secto	r through			
	expert led	etures								
	3. Understar	nding the	dairy m	narketing	and stra	tegy thro	ugh case			
	study mat	terials								
	4. Understar	nding bu	siness ex	xternal fo	orces an	d their i	mpact in			
	business	through c	ase study	and expe	ert lectur	e				
	5. Understa	nding th	ne institu	utions of	f dairy	business	through			
	circulatio				-		-			
Mapping between COs	Mapping between									
with PSOs	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7			
	CO1									
	CO2									
	LL CO3									
	CO3									
	CO3 CO4 CO5									



Course code	ABM 528							
Course title		nsion Management						
Corse credit	1 (1+0)	and management						
Teaching per Week	1 hr							
Course Objective (CO)	To enhance the techno-managerial competence of extension							
Course esjective (es)	functionaries and to acquaint the extension functionaries on the							
		lopments in the field of agricultural extension						
		the extension functionaries in latest tools and						
		for participatory decision making and to develop an						
	insight into	o various extension models to enrich the agri - value						
	chain							
Course Content	Unit 1	Approaches to Agricultural extension : A critical						
		of different approaches to extension, Importance						
		and relevance of indigenous knowledge system,						
		identification and documentation of ITK,						
		Integration of ITK system in research formulation,						
		Concept of Agricultural Knowledge and						
		Information System, Training of Stakeholders of						
	I Imia 2	AKIS.						
	Unit 2	Cyber Extension: Concept of cyber extension, national and international cases of extension						
		projects using ICT and their impact of agricultural extension, alternative methods of financing						
		agricultural extension - Scope, limitations and						
		experience and cases. Research - Extension -						
		Farmer - Market linkage: Importance, Scope,						
		Implications etc., Market – Led Extension, Farmer						
		 Led Extension, Concept of Farm Field School, 						
		Farm School, Public - Private partnership:						
		Meaning, Models, Identification of various areas						
		for partnership. Stakeholder's analysis in						
		Extension. Main streaming gender in Extension -						
		Issues and Prospects						
	Unit 3	Implications of WTO: OA for extension services,						
		re-orientation of extension services for agri-						
		business and marketing activities, GOI- NGO						
	**	collaboration to improve efficiency of extension.						
	Unit 4	Extension and contemporary issues: Extension and						
		issues related to rural poverty. Privatization of						
		Extension. Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs).						
		Extension Reforms in India – Decentralized						
		decision making, bottom up planning, Farming System and Situation based Extension Delivery						
		System, Extension delivery through Commodity						
		System, Extension derivery unough Commodity						



		nterest (-	•				
References:	Extension - ATIC, IVLP, Kisan Call Centers. 1. Gulshan SS & Kapoor GK. 2003. Business Law including Company Law. 10 th Ed. New Age Publ. 2. Kapoor ND. 2005. Business Law. S. Chand & Sons. 3. Tulsain PC. 2006 Business Law. Tata McGraw Hill. 4. Tuteja SK. 2005. Business Law for Managers. S. Chand & Sons.							
Course Outcomes	By the end of different A Agricultural Understand enabled exter Private Part organizations CO1: Contraincluding ide meeting of the legality. CO2: Compassociation, independent seal for its transferable	the cours gricultura Knowled Advances ension se enership, al Innovat act Act dontification he minds, any laws which is legal entit signature shares, and deal with handling to extern aware of is what help somying our t create potential to extern the somying our to extern the somy in the somy in the source of the sou	l Exter ge Info in Extervices; Mainstrations. eals with a compet deal wan artiful y with a es, a collection day to do ground all custon for legal guides before in lives on	nsion a rmation ension - a rmation ension - a rmation ension - Market reaming the Theorem is the a conficial less and the common againite ay activition odities a mers frame we us to the a daily	system Cyber Led Exgender elements eptance, d capaci ompany egal per al succes capital d liabilit ties and and serv york of ell the There is basis, h	as a recession, a compression, a com	derstand s) ITK, on, ICT, Public xtension contract, deration, contract egistered ving an common rised of ons to be well as resource eep our work of as make	
Mapping between COs	Mapping bet	ween COs	and PS	Os				
with PSOs	PSO		PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	
	CO1 CO2							
	CO2							
	CO4							
	CO5							

Course code	ABM 529
Course title	
Course credit	Renewable Energy Sources Management
	1(1+0)
Teaching per	1 hrs
Week	
Course	The course aims to provide fundamental clarity regarding various renewable &
Objective	alternative energy sources/ technologies options available today, their usage
(CO)	potential & related aspects like cost, impact on the environment, etc.
Course	Unit 1 Introduction: Concept on alternate and non-conventional energy
Content	sources. Biofuels, Geothermal, Ocean, Hydropower, Biogas, Solar and
	Wind energy.
	Unit 2 Commercial application: Commercial application of renewable energy
	sources and its benefits. Government Policy towards promoting
	renewable energy.
	Unit 3 Institutional Framework: MNRE, CREDA-Renewable Energy
	Development Authority, State
	level Renewable Energy Development Agency, Society of Renewable
	Energy.
	Unit 4 Devices for renewable energy development: Biogas plant, Wind Mills,
	Solar Cells – Solar Pumps, Solar Dryers, Solar water heating system
	etc.
References:	1. Bent Sørensen (2010). Renewable Energy: Physics, Engineering,
	Environmental Impacts, Economics and Planning, Elsevier Publishing; 4th
	Edition
	2. Nicola Armaroli, Vincenzo Balzani and Nick Serpone (2013). Powering
	Planet Earth– Energy Solutions for the Future, Wiley
	3. Godfrey Boyle (2012). Renewable Energy: Power for a Sustainable Future,
	Oxford; 3 rd Edition
	4. John Twidell, Tony Weir (2013). <i>Renewable Energy Resources</i> , CRC Press;
	3rd Edition Ansari
G	5. Irfan Ahmed Renewable Energy Sources by Jain Brothers
Course	CO1: Importance of Renewable energy for sustainability Emphasize the importance
Outcomes	of environmentally sustainable practices in renewable energy management.
	CO2: Trends and Challenges Analyze and communicate global trends and
	challenges in the renewable energy sector.
	CO3: Factors influencing the adoption. Understand the geopolitical and socio-
	economic factors influencing the adoption and management of renewable energy sources worldwide.
	CO4: Awareness of Industry practices Demonstrate awareness of international best
	practices and standards in renewable energy management.
	CO5: Regulatory framework regulatory frameworks and policy considerations
	affecting the renewable energy industry.
	affecting the followable energy maustry.



Mapping		Mapping between COs and PSOs						
between COs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
with PSOs	CO1							
	CO2							
	CO3							
	CO4							
	CO5							

Course code	ABM 530							
Course title	Quality Management for Agri Business							
Course credit	1(1+0)							
Teaching per	1 hrs							
Week	1 1113							
Course	The focus	of the prod	ress is to it	mprove the	<i>quality</i> of	organizati	ons output	s, including
Objective		-		ontinual im		_	-	
(CO)	goods and	services,	un ough co	Jillingar III	provemen	it of interm	ar praetice.	,
(00)								
Course	Unit 1	Basic co	oncepts of	quality ma	ınagement	: importan	ce of quali	ity and the
Content		role of q	uality assi	urance in a	gribusines	S.		
	Unit 2	Total Q	uality Ma	anagement	: TQM a	nd busine	ss strateg	y. Quality
		control p	process an	d its releva	ince.			
	Unit 3		-					penefits to
				cers and fo	-		_	
				commoditie	es; cereals	s, fruits an	d vegetabl	les, meats,
			products.					
	Unit 4		_	•				y control,
						•	, process	control to
				y and food	-			
	Unit 5	Unit 5 Food quality standards: Food quality standards and world food trade.						
D 6	4 8	HACCP, ISO9000, auditing and certification. 1. Pieternel A. Luning (Author), Willem J. Marcelis. 2009.						
References:			•	* *				. 1 1
		~ .			-		igeriai Pri	nciples and
				n Academi			ECOLIDO	EC
				Managing 1: D				
Course								standing of
Outcomes		_	-	s, concepts		_		actions and
	~	•	•		ne or quarr	ty objectiv	es, specifi	cations, and
	standards		0 1		mar faan	a Apply	arooog in	nprovement
		-					-	d eliminate
	defects.	ogies, suci	i as six s	igilia aliu i	Lean, to e	illiance en	iciency an	d ellillillate
		tistical to	ole and to	echniques	Apply et	atistical n	rocess cor	ntrol (SPC)
				cy and pre				mor (Sr C)
								trategies for
	risk mitiga	_	iiont identi	ny potentie	ii iisks to t	additty diffe	de velop si	irutegies for
Mapping	Mapping l		Os and PS	SOs				
between COs	Trimpping	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
with PSOs	CO1	1501	1502	1503	1501	1505	1500	1507
	CO2							+
	CO3							+
	CO4							
	CO5							
	203	l						1



Course code	ABM 532
Course title	Agri Infrastructure and Warehousing Management
Corse credit	1 (1+0)
Teaching per Week	1 hr
Course Objective (CO)	To create a pool of Agricultural storage infrastructure, logistics and
Course especiate (es)	warehouse professionals with capacity to manage agri-warehouse
	operations efficiently includes the overall inventory turnover and working
	capital management.
	The course introduces the key principles and activities related to the
	warehousing function in a modern organization designed for receiving,
	shipping, picking, packing etc. It also includes cold chain project, logistics
	awareness & training programs.
Course Content	Unit 1 Agricultural Infrastructure in India: Incentive schemes, Agri-
	infra fund, Agri-market Infrastructure, Agri-technological
	infrastructure fund, Central Government policy on
	Infrastructure
	promotion for the development of primary sector such as
	Irrigation, Watershed development, Rural
	electrification, Connectivity, Communication and Markets in
	coordination with the Institutional
	framework.
	Unit 2 Warehouse Functions: Meaning of Warehousing -
	Importance –Functions: Receiving: Logistics support for
	Inward Transportation, Unloading, Inspection, Acceptance
	and Recording; Storing: Space allocation, Facilitation to
	stocking, Guarding & Recording; Risk bearing- Processing- Grading and branding – Disinfecting services - Issuing: Order
	preparation, Picking, Dispatching/
	Delivery & Recording- Handling, Transportation & Storage
	of ISO Containers— Utility and Advantages of warehouses-
	Problems and issues in receiving processes.
	Unit 3 Warehouse Types, Characteristics: Warehouse Types,
	Characteristics of ideal warehouses -
	Warehouse Layout-Principles and Facilities- Types, Internal
	Operations: Measures and metrics of warehouse operations,
	Logistics in the warehouse- Localization of materials in a
	warehouse, Identification and classification of Materials and
	products in the warehouse, Managing the material/products
	turns in ware-house (FIFO/LIFO) - Problems and issues in
	shipment processes. Warehousing Equipment, Inventory
	management.
	Unit 4 IT for Warehouse Management (WM): Warehouse
	documentation- Information flows in the warehouse- ERP-
	WMS - Bar code – RFID- Organization Data- Warehouse
	Structure- Warehouse Master Data - WM Material master



	view- Organization Data- Define Warehouse structure, Warehouse number - Storage type- Storage section - Storage Bin - Picking Area - Storage unit — Quantity- Creating Transfer requirement automatically/ manually — Creating Transfer requirement for storage. Unit 5 Agri-warehousing Management in India: Agri-warehousing in India, capacity development and utilization, Role and significance of Central Warehousing Corporation, State warehousing Corporation, Private sector in Agri- warehousing. Status of Warehousing Industry: Agri warehousing organisations in India, e-NAM to promote agri- warehouse.					
References:	 Gulshan SS & Kapoor GK. 2003. Business Law including Company Law. 10th Ed. New Age Publ. Kapoor ND. 2005. Business Law. S. Chand & Sons. Tulsain PC. 2006 Business Law. Tata McGraw Hill. Tuteja SK. 2005. Business Law for Managers. S. Chand & Sons. 					
Course Outcomes	To study the status of development of Agricultural infra- structure as well as the role of Warehouses to boost Agricultural sector. CO1: Contract Act deals with The elements of a contract, including identification, offer, acceptance, consideration, meeting of the minds, competency and capacity, and contract legality. CO2: Company laws deal with a company as a registered association, which is an artificial legal person, having an independent legal entity with a perpetual succession, a common seal for its signatures, a common capital comprised of transferable shares, and carrying limited liability. CO3: It will deal with day to day activities and provisions to be followed for handling commodities and services as well as issues related to external customers CO4: It will aware of legal frame work of human resource management CO5: Ethics is what guides us to tell the truth, keep our promises, or help someone in need. There is a framework of ethics underlying our lives on a daily basis, helping us make decisions that create positive impacts and steering us away from unjust outcomes					
Mapping between COs with PSOs	Mapping between COs and PSOs PSO1 PSO2 PSO3 PSO4 PSO5 PSO6 PSO7 CO1 0					



Course code	ABM 533							
Course title	Contract Farming							
Corse credit	1 (1+0)							
Teaching per	1 hrs							
Week	1 1115							
Course	To assess the need of Contract forming arrangement. It relates to agricultural							
Objective	To assess the need of Contract farming arrangement. It relates to agricultural production carried out according to an agreement between a buyer and farmers, with							
(CO)	set conditions for production and marketing of farm products.							
(60)								
Course	Unit 1 Need for contract farming: objectives and its definition; contract							
Content	farming framework, contract farming arrangement-centralized model,							
	nucleus estate model, multipartite model, informal model,							
	intermediary model.							
	Unit 2 Project formulation and management: Coordination, crop husbandry,							
	human resource. Advantages of contract farming for farmers and							
	sponsors and the problems faced by them.							
	Unit 3 Policies for promoting contract farming: Agreement for contract							
	farming-parties, duration, produce and quality specification, delivery							
	arrangements pricing, insurance, support services etc.							
	Unit 4 Prospects of contract farming in India: Prospects of contract farming							
	in India in view of interest for commercialization of agriculture. Active							
	organizations in contract farming and their success stories. Unit 5 Global issues: Global issues in contract farming, Contract farming and							
	Unit 5 Global issues: Global issues in contract farming, Contract farming and WTO agreement.							
References:	1. Premjit Sharma. 2007, Contract Farming, Genetech Books							
References.	2. Joseph A. Kuzilwa, Nniels Fold, Aarne Henningsen, Marianne Nylandsted							
	Larsen. Contractfarming and the development of smallholder agricultural							
	business. Routledge							
	3. Kumaravel K S 2006. Contract farming in India - An Introduction.							
Course	CO1: Contract farming, a structured partnership for mutual benefit, employs models							
Outcomes	like centralized, nucleus estate, multipartite, informal, and intermediary							
	arrangements to enhance efficiency, sustainability, and market access.							
	CO2: Project Formulation and Management Insights: Coordinated Crop Husbandry,							
	Human Resource Dynamics, and Dual Advantages and Challenges in Contract							
	Farming.							
	CO3: Fostering Contract Farming Success: Key Policies Explored – From							
	Agreement Parameters to Holistic Support Services.							
	CO4 India's Agricultural Transformation: Examining Contract Farming Prospects							
	Amidst Commercialization Trends and Success Stories from Active Organizations.							
	CO5 Navigating Global Agri-Challenges: Contract Farming Dynamics and							
) / ·	Implications within WTO Agreements.							
Mapping	Mapping between COs and PSOs							
between COs	PSO1 PSO2 PSO3 PSO4 PSO5 PSO6 PSO7							
with PSOs	CO1							
	CO2							



CO3				
CO4				
CO5				



Course code	ABM 534
Course title	Human Resource Competence and Capacity Building Systems
Corse credit	1 (1+0)
Teaching per Week	1 hr
Course Objective (CO)	Capacity development is the process by which individuals and
Course Objective (CO)	organizations obtain, improve, and retain the skills, knowledge, tools,
	equipment and other resources needed for Human resource development.
	This course is designed to provide an in-depth understanding and enable
	the participants to manage capacity building processes and performance
	system for developing human resource.
Course Content	Unit 1 Human Resource competence: Concept and rationale;
	processes, Organization and
	Management of competence and competency mapping.
	Unit 2 Competency modelling and assessment: Approaches, tools
	and techniques, competency
	based human resource management applications.
	Unit 3 Competency based training and development: Training
	methods compared with objectives,
	learning process and facilities, Developing Group and the
	Climate: the social process – indicators of
	group development, the training climate, Trainers and
	Training Style: Post training support for
	improved performance at work.
	Unit 4 Performance Management System: Establishing and
	operationalising performance management system; measuring performance- results and
	behaviour; conducting performance review
	discussions; harnessing performance management system
	for performance improvement.
	Unit 5 Capacity building systems in agriculture and agri business:
	Capacity building of farmers and
	agri stakeholders through e-learning, knowledge
	management for agri business.
References:	1. R Kandula. 2013. Competency Based Human Resource
	Management. PHI
	2. Raymod A Noe & Amitabh Deo Kodwani 2012. Employee
	Training and Development. McGraw Hill Education. Fifth Edition
	3. Alan M. Saks & Robert R. Haccoun. 2013. Managing
	Performance through Training and Development. Cengage
Course Outs	Learning. Sixth Edition
Course Outcomes	Proactive human resources management is essential to achieve the
	excellence through Capability Development and Planning. A
	Competence Profile for Staff Supporting the formal and informal training, job-rotation, traditional class-room courses, internal vs external training.
	joo-rotation, traditional class-room courses, internal vs external training.



	CO1: Contract Act deals with The elements of a contract, including identification, offer, acceptance, consideration, meeting of the minds, competency and capacity, and contract legality. CO2: Company laws deal with a company as a registered association, which is an artificial legal person, having an independent legal entity with a perpetual succession, a common seal for its signatures, a common capital comprised of transferable shares, and carrying limited liability. CO3: It will deal with day to day activities and provisions to be followed for handling commodities and services as well as issues related to external customers CO4: It will aware of legal frame work of human resource management CO5: Ethics is what guides us to tell the truth, keep our promises, or help someone in need. There is a framework of ethics underlying our lives on a daily basis, helping us make decisions that create positive impacts and steering us away from unjust outcomes								
Mapping between COs	Mapping	g between	n COs an	d PSOs					
with PSOs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	
	CO1								
	CO2								
	CO3								
	CO4								
	CO5								
	CO = Co	CO = Course outcome with PSO = Program Specific outcome PO1							

Course code	ABM 535							
Course title	Agri Commodity Markets and Futures Trading							
Corse credit	1 (1+0)							
Teaching per Week	1							
Course Objective	To make the students understand the marketing procedure for commodi	itv						
(CO)	futures through commodity exchanges	ity						
(00)	rutures unough commounty exchanges							
Course Content	Unit 1: Introduction to commodity derivatives and price risk manageme in agricultural markets; organizational setup of exchanges at specifications of futures contracts in world's leading commodity exchang Unit 2: Futures trading; hedging price risk using futures contracts; option transaction and forward transaction — concept and mechanism, prince discovery mechanism and market efficiency Unit 3: Clearinghouse and margin system; clearing, settlement and deliver of contracts	nd ges on ice						
	Unit 4: Market surveillance and risk control; trading in warehouse receip	ots						
	(WRs): WRs and collateralized commodity financing							
	Unit 5: Regulation of futures and trading practices in leading national and							
	regional exchanges in India.							
References:	1. Hull, John C. 2017. Fundamentals of futures and options marke	ts,						
	Boston, Pearson publication.							
	2. Ram, P. V. and Bala, S. D., 2016, Strategic Financial Management.							
G 0.4	Snow White Publ	,						
Course Outcomes	CO1. Understanding of Market Dynamics: Students will be able							
	comprehend the functioning of commodity futures markets, including the							
	role of supply and demand dynamics, price discovery, and mark	Leι						
	participants. CO2. Risk Management: Students will be able to evaluate and manage pri	00						
	risks associated with commodities using derivative instruments such as							
	futures and options, and understand their application in hedging strategies for producers, consumers, and traders.							
	CO3. Derivatives Valuation: Students will be able to apply valuation	on						
	models to price commodity derivatives, including futures and options, and							
	understand the factors influencing their pricing.							
	CO4. Regulatory Framework: Students will be able to comprehend the							
	regulatory framework governing commodity futures markets and							
	derivatives, including the role of regulatory authorities, market rules, and							
	compliance requirements.							
	CO5. Trading Strategies: Students will be able to develop and analy	ze						
	trading strategies using commodity derivatives, including spread trad							
	arbitrage, and speculative strategies, and understand the implications	of						
	these strategies on market participants.							
Mapping between	Mapping between COs and PSOs							
COs with PSOs	PSO1 PSO2 PSO3 PSO4 PSO5 PSO6 PSO7							
	CO1							



CO2							
CO3							
CO4							
CO5							
CO = Co	ourse outc	ome with	PSO = P	rogram S _l	pecific ou	tcome PC)1

Course code	ABM 536
Course title	Strategic Management for Agribusiness Enterprises
Corse credit	2 (2+0)
Teaching per	2
Week	
Course Objective	The objective of this course is to provide students with a strategic orientation
(CO)	in the conduct of the business and also to develop a holistic perspective of an
	organization. Also, it enables the students to analyze the strategic situation
	strategies in general and functional management areas.
Course Content	
	Unit 1 Concepts in Strategic Management, Strategic Management
	Process; Corporate
	Governance, Social Responsibility and Ethics in strategic
	management, Environment Scanning and
	Industry analysis
	Unit 2 Organizational dynamics and structuring
	organizational appraisal, business models and Value chain analysis,
	Strategy formulation- corporate
	level strategies and business strategies, Generic Strategies- Types
	of Strategies, tools and techniques for
	strategic analysis.
	Unit 3 Turnaround strategy - Management of
	Strategic Change, Strategies for Mergers, Acquisitions, Takeovers and Joint Ventures - Diversification
	Strategy
	Unit 4 Strategy implementation and control aspects, structures, design and
	change: behavioural
	implementation-leadership, culture, value and ethics, strategic
	evaluation and control-an overview and
	techniques of strategic evaluation and control.
	Unit 5 Strategic issues in managing technology & innovation,
	entrepreneurial ventures and small
	businesses, Cases in strategic management
References:	1. Thomas L. Wheelen & J. David Hunger. 2012, Strategic Management
	& Business Policy, towards Global Sustainability, Pearson India Edn.
	Thirteenth Edition
	2. Fred R. David & Forest R. David, 2016, Strategic Management,
	Concept and Cases, Pearson India Edn, Fifteenth Edition
	3. Thompson Jr., A. A., Peteraf, M. and Gamble, J. E., 2015, <i>Crafting and</i>
	Executing Strategy.McGraw Hill, Irwin.
	4. Stead, J. G. and Stead, E. W., 2014, Sustainable Strategic Management.
	Routledge Taylor & Francis Group.
	5. Kazmi Azhar. 2015. Strategic Management. Mcgraw Higher Ed. 4th Edition
	6. Srinivasan R.2014. Strategic Management. PHI Learning 5th Edition
	0. Simiyasan K.2014. Suategic iylanagenlent. Fin Leanning Jul Euthon



Course Outcomes	CO1: De	CO1: Define the strategic management process and scanning of internal and						
	external environment							
	CO2: Ge	t a clear p	icture abo	out value c	hain analy	ysis		
	CO3: U	nderstand	the diffe	erent types	s of strate	egic choice	es availab	le and the
	method o	of analysis	to choose	e the best a	among the	em		
	CO4: Le	arn the m	ethod of	strategic i	implemen	tation and	l evaluation	on for agri
	entrepren	eurial ver	ntures.					_
	_	•						
Mapping between	Mapping	between	COs and	PSOs				
COs with PSOs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
	CO1							
	CO2							
	CO3							
	CO4	CO4						
	CO5							
	$\overline{CO = Co}$	urse outco	ome with	PSO = Pro	ogram Spe	ecific outco	ome PO1	

Course ande	ADM 527							
Course code Course title	ABM 537							
	Operations Research							
Corse credit	2 (2+0)							
Teaching per	2 hrs							
Week								
Course	To acquaint the students with the applications of important operations research							
Objective	techniques for better understanding to solve business problems.							
(CO)								
Course	Unit 1 Introduction to linear programming: Linear Programming: Objective,							
Content	Assumptions, Formulation of Linear Programming Problem Data							
	Envelopment Analysis, Graphic Method, Simplex method,							
	Introduction to Dynamic Programming,							
	Transportation and Assignment Problems.							
	Unit 2 Inventory control and waiting line models: Inventory control Models:							
	Costs Involved in Inventory Management, Types of Inventory,							
	Economic Order Quantity (EOQ) Model, Continuous Review (Q)							
	System, Periodic Review (P) System,							
	and Hybrid System.							
	Unit 3 Inventory control and waiting line models: Waiting Line Models:							
	Waiting Line Problem, Characteristics of a Waiting - Line System,							
	Single- Channel Model, Multiple-Channel Model, Constant-Service							
	Time Model, Finite Population							
	Model, Sequencing and Replacement models. Unit 4 Decision making under risk and uncertainty: Decision making under							
	Risk and uncertainties, Decision problem, Maximax Criterion,							
	Maximin Criterion, Minimax Regret Criterion, Laplace Criterion, pay							
	off Tables, Decision Trees, Expected Value of perfect Information,							
	stochastic models, neural networks, Markov process.							
	Unit 5 Decision making under risk and uncertainty: Game Theory - Two -							
	Person Zero-Sum Game, Simulation, Network analysis—PERT& CPM,							
	Financial Engineering							
References:	1. Taha HA. 2007. Operations Research - An Introduction. Prentice Hall.							
	2. Vohra ND. 2017. Quantitative Techniques in Management. 5th Edition							
	McGraw Hill.							
	3. Wagner HM. 2005. Principles of Operation Research. Prentice Hall.							
Course	CO1: Problem-Solving Skills: Students will be able to identify, formulate, and solve							
Outcomes	optimization and decision-making problems within business contexts.							
	CO2: Analytical Decision-Making: Students will be able to make data-driven							
	decisions by evaluating alternative scenarios, assessing trade-offs, and							
	recommending optimal solutions to improve operational efficiency, resource							
	allocation, and performance in various business scenarios.							
	CO3: Application of Advanced Techniques: This outcome involves applying							
	sophisticated optimization algorithms, sensitivity analysis, network modeling, and							
	other relevant techniques to address real-world business challenges.							



	CO4: Integration with Business Strategy: Students will learn to integral quantitative modeling and analysis techniques with strategic planning, considering								
		factors like risk management, resource constraints, and market dynamics to enhance							
	_	organizational performance and competitiveness.							
	CO5: Cor	nmunicati	on and Im _l	plementati	on: Studer	nts will lea	rn to prese	ent complex	
	quantitati	ve analyse	s in a clea	r and und	erstandable	e manner,	facilitating	g successful	
	implementation of solutions within organizational structures.								
Mapping	Mapping	between C	Os and PS	SOs					
between COs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	
with PSOs	CO1								
	CO2 CO3								
	CO4								
	CO5								

Course code	ABM 538
Course title	Financial Management in Agri Business
Corse credit	2 (2+0)
Teaching per Week	2 hrs
Course Objective (CO)	To impart trainings to the students regarding various aspects of sources of financing agribusiness.
Course Content	Unit 1: Meaning, importance, nature and scope of financing in India, agribusiness financing in India; classification and credit need in changing agriculture scenario; finance functions, investment financing, Risk and return concept & analysis Unit 2: Business Financing System in India, Money and Capital Markets, Regional and All - India Financial Institutions; venture capital financing and its stages, International financial management. Unit 3: Features, types and Techniques of capital budgeting decision. Cost of Capital, Leverage analysis, Capital structure. Theory and Policy, Sources of Long- and Short-term finance, Dividend Theory, Dividend Policy. Unit 4: Management of Working Capital, Management of Receivables, Management of cash; Cash budget, Management of collections and disbursement, Investment of Surplus cash. Unit 5: Perspectives and operational aspects of Micro finance: Definition, Scope and importance of Micro Finance, Evolution of Micro Finance in India, Micro Finance credit lending models: - Association model, Community Banking model, Credit union model, Co- operative model, SHG model, Village Banking model.
References:	 Chandra P. 2000. Financial Management. Tata McGraw Hill. Khan MY & Jain PK. 2004. Financial Management: Text, Problems and Cases. Tata McGraw Hill. Pandey IM. 1997. Financial Management. Vikas Publ. Ramachandran N & Kakani RK. 2005. Financial Accounting for Management. Tata McGraw Hill. Van Horne JC. 1997. Financial Management and Policy. Prentice Hall.
Course Outcomes	CO1. Financial Analysis and Reporting: Students will be able to analyze financial statements, interpret financial ratios, and prepare financial reports to assess the financial performance and position of an organization. CO2. Capital Budgeting and Investment Decisions: Students will be able to evaluate investment opportunities, apply capital budgeting techniques, and make informed investment decisions to maximize shareholder wealth.



	CO3. Risk Management and Capital Structure: Students wable to understand and manage financial risks, deteroptimal capital structure, and assess the cost of capimaximize firm value. CO4. Working Capital Management: Students will be a manage short-term assets and liabilities, optimize we capital levels, and develop strategies to ensure liquidity operational efficiency. CO5. Financial Planning and Strategy: Students will be a develop financial plans, forecast financial needs, and form financial strategies to support the overall strategic objective the organization.							able to working dity and e able to ormulate
Mapping between COs	Mappii	ng betwe	een COs	and PSO	Os			
with PSOs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
	CO1							
	CO2							
	CO3							
	CO4							
	CO5							
		Course o	outcome	with PS	SO = Pro	ogram S	pecific (outcome

Course code	ABM 539						
Course title	Communication for Management and Agri Business						
Course	3(2+1)						
credit							
Teaching per	2 hrs +2hrs						
Week							
Course	The course aims to make students proficient in written as well as in oral						
Objective	communication with a focus on business-related communication.						
(CO)							
Course	Unit 1 Introduction to Business Communication: Communication process,						
Content	barriers to communication, methods of communication, effective						
	communication, assertive communication, types of organisational						
	communication. Listening skills, active listening, barriers to effective						
	listening, Non-Verbal Communication						
	Unit 2 Reading and writing skills: Reading comprehension and techniques,						
	rules of good writing, business letter writing, e-mail writing, crafting messages for electronic media, social media, business blogs, podcasts,						
	employment messages						
	Unit 3 Oral and visual communication technical writing skills:						
	Visual presentation, oral presentation skills, conducting business						
	meetings, brainstorming sessions and presentations, public speaking						
	skills, Communicating across cultures, Various forms of scientific						
	writings, theses, technical papers, reviews, manuals, research work,						
	various parts of thesis and research communication Title page,						
	authorship, contents, preface, introduction, review of literature,						
	material and methods, experimental results and discussion, Technical						
	Writing Style and Editing, Writing Introductions & Conclusions, Editing and Proofreading, Writing a review article and book summary						
	Unit 4 Team and Interpersonal communication: Developing interpersonal						
	skills (transactional analysis), Business Etiquette, essentials of						
	business conversations. Business meeting agenda and minutes,						
	circulars and sales letters, notices, overview of business proposals						
	Unit 5 Developing self awareness (Johari Window), solving problems						
	analytically and creatively, introduction to case method of learning,						
	case reading, approaches and analysis						
References:	1. Peter W. Cardon. 2015, Business Communication, Developing leaders for						
	a networked world McGraw Hill Edication						
	2. P. D Chaturvedi & Mukesh Chaturvedi. 2017, <i>Business Communication</i> , <i>Skills, Concepts, Cases and Applications</i> , Pearson India Education						
	3. Courtland L. Bovee, John V. Thill & Abha Chaterjee 2013, <i>Business</i>						
	Communication						
	4. <i>Today</i> , Pearson Education, Tenth Edition						



Course	CO1: Eff	ective Co	mmunicat	ion skills:	Students	will be	able to o	demonstrate
Outcomes	improved oral and written communication skills, use appropriate language and tone							
	in busines	s commun	ication.					
	CO2: Int	erpersonal	Commun	nication: S	Students	will be a	ble to co	ommunicate
				•		eir ability	to commu	inicate with
	team men	nbers, supe	riors and s	ubordinate	es.			
			U 1	•		ncise, and	profession	nal business
				orts, and p				
								n and apply
			egies in ne	egotiation a	ınd develo	p skills for	resolving	conflicts in
	the workp							
			-				-	constructive
				and apply	the feed	back rece	ived by h	nim for his
		s improve						
Mapping	Mapping	between C			1		Т	
between		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
COs with	CO1							
PSOs	CO2							
	CO3							
	CO4							
	CO5							

Course code	ABM 540						
Course title	Research methodology for Agri Business management						
Corse credit	3 (2+1)						
Teaching per	4 hrs						
Week							
Course	The objective of this course is to develop an understanding of research						
Objective (CO)	methodology. The focus will be on process and techniques of research.						
3 (/							
Course Content	Unit 1: Meaning, Course Objective, types, and process of research; research methodology in management- exploratory, descriptive, experimental, diagnostic, Problem formulation, setting of Course Objective, formulation of hypotheses, models, types of models, process of modelling. Unit 2: Scales of measurement - nominal, ordinal, interval, ratio, Likert scale and other scales; Primary and secondary data, sources of data, Questionnaire Designing, instruments of data collection, data editing, classification, coding, validation, tabulation, presentation, analysis, development process of scale, identification of variables, variable measurement, variable standardization and dummy variables. Unit 3: introduction to multivariate statistical analysis techniques, Multivariate line regression models, principal component analysis, linear discriminant analysis, factor analysis, evaluation matrices and model diagnostics for regression models. Unit 4: Logistic regression, decision trees, cluster analysis, random forest, GARCH, CART models, support vector machines, Forecasting techniques (AR, MA, ARMA and ARIMA models) Unit 5: Definition, scope and importance, machine learning, types of machine learning, linear and nonlinear models in machine learning, introduction to deep learning, basic differences in machine learning and deep learning, concept of						
D. C	cloud machine learning, Big data analysis.						
References:	1. Cooper DR & Schindler PS. 2006. Marketing Research Concepts and						
	 Cases. TMH Ranjit Kumar. 2014. Research Methodology, Sage publications, 4th Edition Glenn J.C. 2010. Hand book of Research Methods. OXFORD. Kothari CR. 2018. Research Methodology- Methods and Techniques. New Age International Publishers; Fourth edition 						
Course	CO1: Understanding Research Frameworks: Students will comprehend various						
Outcomes	research methodologies, frameworks, and approaches utilized in business						
	management research, including qualitative, quantitative, mixed-methods, case studies, and action research.						
	CO2: Application of Research Tools: Develop proficiency in using research tools and software for data collection, analysis, and interpretation.						



	CO3: Critical Analysis and Synthesis: Students will cultivate the ability to							
	critically analyze research literature, synthesize information from various sources, and identify gaps or opportunities for new research in the field of							
	business	business management.						
	CO4: Research Proposal Development: Gain the expertise to formulate a comprehensive and methodologically sound research proposal in the area of business management. CO5: Effective Communication of Research Findings: This includes developing academic writing abilities for research papers and articulating research outcomes in a manner suitable for various audiences, such as academic, business, or							
Mapping	layperson Mapping		COs and Pa	SOs				
between COs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
with PSOs	CO1							
	CO2							
	CO3							
	CO4							
	CO5							

	177.554						
Course code	ABM 541						
Course title	Computer Applications for Agri Business						
Corse credit	3 (2+1)						
Teaching per	4 hrs						
Week							
Course	The course aims to the significance of computer applications in the organizations						
Objective	and handling recent trends in information technology and system for improved						
(CO)	decision making						
Course	Unit 1 Concept of Computers- Brief History of Computers, Generation and						
Content	Its Evolution, Characteristics of Computers, Main Areas of Computers						
	and their Applications; Classification of Computers, Input-Output						
	Devices, Memory Types (Cache, RAM, ROM), Memory Units						
	Unit 2 System Software and Application Software, Open source software,						
	introduction to computer languages, Introduction to Operating Systems						
	 Functions, Features and Types., MS Windows and 						
	LINUX. Data Base Management System, MS Office (MS Word, MS						
	Power Point, MS Excel, MS Access and use of various management						
	software Like SPSS, SAS etc.						
	Unit 3 The business value of internet, Intranet, extranet and Internet,						
	Introduction to Web page design using HTML, Cloud Computing,						
	Security and ethical challenges: Computer crime – Hacking, cyber						
	theft, unauthorized use at work. Piracy – software and intellectual						
	property. Health and Social Issues, Ergonomics and cyber terrorism						
	Unit 4 The concept of MIS–Definition, importance, Course Objective, pre-						
	requisites, advantages and challenges; Information Needs of						
	organization, MIS and Decision – Making. Types/Classification of						
	Information System for organizations; Introduction to Artificial						
	Intelligence (AI), Neural Networks, Fuzzy logical control systems						
	Unit 5 e business/ e commerce: e business models, e commerce processes,						
	electronic payment systems, e- commerce trends with special reference						
	to agri business. Applications of MIS in the areas of Human Resource						
	Management, Financial Management, Production / Operations Management Materials Management Marketing Management						
References:	Management, Materials Management, Marketing Management. 1. Kenneth C. Laudon & Jane P. Laudon. 2016, Management Information Systems-						
References.	Managing the digital Firm, 14h Edition, Pearson India						
	2. Volonino, Woods, O/P. Wali Turban. 2015, Information Technology for						
	Management, Advancing Sustainable, Profitable Business Growth, Wiley						
	3. Jaiswal M. Mittal M.2005.Management Information System, OXFORD						
Course	CO1: Fundamentals of Computer: That gives comprehensive understating about						
Outcomes	computers, evaluation and history of computers. It insights the main areas of						
	computer applications and input-output devices.						
	CO2: Softwares: It covers the types of software: system and application software						
	including open source software. It includes various tools such as MS Office, SPSS,						
	SAS.						
1							



	CO3: Internet Technology: This unit covers the basic understanding of internet technology including internet, intranet and extranet. It also addresses the security aspects and ethical challenges including computer crimes such as hacking, cyber theft, etc. CO4: Fundamentals of MIS: It covers the fundaments of management information system, encompassing its definition, importance and course objectives. Furthermore, it covers artificial intelligence, neural networks, fuzzy logic also. CO5: Fundaments of e-Commerce: This covers understanding of various e-business processes and models. It also covers the various application areas of MIS including Human Resource Management, Financial Management, Production / Operations Management, Materials Management, and Marketing Management.							
Mapping	Mapping	between C	Os and PS	SOs				
between		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
COs with	CO1							
PSOs	CO2	CO2						
	CO3							
	CO4							
	CO5							

Course	ABM- 542						
code							
Course title	PROJECT MANAGEMENT AND AGRIBUSINESS ENTREPRENEURSHIP						
Corse	3 (2+1)						
credit							
Teaching per Week	4 hrs.						
Course	This course aims at providing student an insight into the nature of small scale						
Objective	industry. They will be exposed to various aspects of establishment and management						
(CO)	of a small business unit.						
Course Content	Unit 1 Concept, characteristics of projects, types of projects, project identification, and Project's life cycle. Project feasibility- market feasibility, technical feasibility, financial feasibility, and economic feasibility, social cost-benefit analysis, project risk analysis. Unit 2 Network Methods: Meaning, Network Analysis, Critical Path Method (CPM), Programme Evaluation and Review Technique (PERT),						
	Project scheduling and resource allocation. Financial appraisal/evaluation techniques- discounted/non-discounted cash flows; Net present values, profitability index, Internal rate of returns; Cost benefits ratio; Accounting rate of return, Payback period, Project implementation; Cost overrun, Project control and information system. Unit 3 Concept of Agri Entrepreneurship: Objective, Introduction to agri entrepreneurship, Entrepreneurial Development Models, Successful Models in Agro Entrepreneurship Intrapreneur, Development of						
	women entrepreneurship with reference to SHGs, Social entrepreneurship. Unit 4 Creativity, Innovation and Agro Entrepreneur: Inventions and Innovation, The Environment and Process of Creativity, Creativity and the Entrepreneur, Innovative Approaches to Agro Entrepreneurship, Business Incubation, Steps and Procedure to start a new business, Business Opportunities in different field of Agriculture and Allied Sectors.						
References:	 Unit 5 Sources of Financing, Structure and Government Policy Support: Estimating Financial Requirements, Preparation of Detail Project Report, Project Appraisal, Sources of Long- Term Financing, Working Capital Financing, Venture Capitalist, Finance from Banking Institutions, Industrial Policy Resolutions in India, Incentives and Subsidies, Schemes for Incentives, Government Organisations like SIDO, DIC, KVIC, NSIC, SIDBI, NABARD and their role, Sick Industries and their Up gradation policy measures. Arora, R. and Sood, S.K., Fundamentals of Entrepreneurship and Small 						
	Business Management. Kalyani Publishers,Ludhiana. 2. Desai, Vasant, 2016, Business Planning and Entrepreneurial Management, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.						



	3. Ra	3. Ramachandaran, K., Managing a New Business Successfully. Global						
	Bu	Business Press, New Delhi. Shukla, M.B., Entrepreneurship and Small						
	Business Management. Kitab Mahal.New Delhi.							
	4. Da	andekar, V	V. M.	and Shar	ma, V. I	K., 2016,	Agri-Bus	iness and
	En	ntrepreneur	ship Deve	lopment. N	Ianglam P	ublications	s, New Del	lhi.
	5. T	W Zimmer	er, N M So	carborough	. Essential	s of Entrep	oreneurship	and small
	Bu	isiness Ma	nagement,	5 th Edition	n, PHI Lea	rning Pvt I	Ltd	
	6. Pa	nigrahi S	.R. & Si	ngh B. 2	017. Agre	o Entrepre	eneurship.	Scientific
	Pu	ıblishers (I	ndia)					
Course	CO1: Und	derstand the	e fundame	ntals of pro	oject mana	gement		
Outcomes	CO2: Und	derstand the	e fundame	ntals Conc	ept of Agri	i Entrepren	eurship an	d different
	models of	Agri Entro	epreneursh	nip				
	CO3: Net	work Meth	ods: Mean	ing, Netwo	ork Analys	is, Critical	Path Meth	od (CPM),
	Programm	ne Evaluat	ion and R	Review Tec	chnique (F	PERT), Pro	oject sched	duling and
	resource a							
	CO4: De	evelop a	understand	ding of a	gri entrep	preneurshij	opportu	nities and
	challenges	s CO5: Un	derstand th	ne method o	of develop	ing a agri b	ased ventu	re through
				the Indian	scenario			
Mapping	Mapping 1	between C	Os and PS	Os		•		
between		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
COs with	CO1							
PSOs	CO2							
	CO3							
	CO4							
	CO5							

Course code	ABM- 543
Course title	Agribusiness Environment & Policy
Corse credit	2
Teaching per Week	0
Course Objective (CO)	To expose the students to the environment in which the agribusiness is conducted.
Course Content	Unit 1: Role of agriculture in Indian economy; Problems of agriculture in India; Agribusiness—definition and nature, Structure of Agriculture and linkages among sub-sectors of the agribusiness. Unit 2: Economic reforms: liberalization, privatization and globalization specifically affecting Agri Business; WTO Agreement on Agriculture and its compliances; changes in policies and regulations related to the sub sectors of agribusiness and its impact on agribusiness in India. Unit 3: Emerging trends in farm supplies, farm production, agricultural finance, agro processing, international trade etc.; reforms in agri output markets: private markets, contract farming, futures trading in agri commodities and e-NAM etc., Pricing of agricultural outputs, public distribution system, imports and exports. Unit 4: Importance of food safety and quality management in agri business; Environmental issues and including carbon markets and Clean Development Management etc. Unit 5: Other major issues: Intellectual property rights, importance of cooperative or collective actions in present scenario with examples of mergers and acquisitions, Farmers Producer Organisations etc.
References:	1. FL Barnard, JT Akridge, FL Dooley, JC Foltz & EA
	Yeager. 2012, Agribusiness Management, Routledge, 4th Edition 2. Aswathappa K. Essentials of Business Environment. Himalaya Publ. 3. Francis Cherunilam 2003. Business Environment. Himalaya Publ. 4. Kodekodi G.K.Viswanathan B. Agril. Development, Rural Institution & Economic Policy, OXFORD.
Course Outcomes	 Develop an understanding about the role and problems agriculture and agri business is playing in the Indian economy through case study method Critically evaluate the major economic reforms that have directly or indirectly affected agri business in India through case study method

	3.	3. Understand the emerging trends and challenges in the								
		field of agri business through case study method								
	4.	4. Inculcate the information regarding collectivisation								
		practices through FPOs through case study method								
	5.	5. Understanding the agribusiness policies issues in the								
		directio	n of sus	tainabili	ity with	climate	change	through		
		case stu	ıdy meth	od						
Mapping between COs	Mappi	ng betwe	een COs	and PSO	Os					
with PSOs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7		
	CO1									
	CO2									
	CO3									
	CO4									
	CO5									
	CO = Course outcome with PSO = Program Specific outcome									
	PO1									

Course code	ABM 544
Course title	Business Laws and Ethics
Corse credit	2 (2+0)
Teaching per Week	2 hrs
Course Objective (CO)	The objective of this course is to expose the learner to various ethical
Course Objective (CO)	issues and laws affecting business. Focus will be on understanding
	provisions of various business laws with reference to agriculture and
	also ethical practices to conduct the business properly.
Course Content	Unit 1 Introduction to Indian legal system, The Indian Contract
Course Content	Act-1872: Contract meaning, types of
	contract, essentials of a valid contract, offer and
	acceptance, capacity to contract, free consent,
	performance of contract.
	Unit 2 Law of Negotiable Instruments: Promissory Notes, Bills
	of Exchange, Cheques and Bank Drafts, Endorsements,
	Law of Sale of Goods, Sales of Goods Act-1930-: Sale
	and agreement to sale, types of goods, Transfer of
	property in goods, mode of delivery of goods,
	performance of contract of sales, rights of an unpaid
	seller.
	Unit 3 Companies Act-1956: incorporation, commencement of
	business, types of companies,
	management of company, Memorandum of Association
	and Articles of Association, prospectus, winding of
	companies,
	Unit 4 Essential Commodities Act, Consumer Protection Act,
	RTI Act, MRTP Act - major provisions
	and implications. Competition Act-2002, Regulatory
	environment for International Business
	Unit 5 Nature and importance of ethics and moral standards;
	corporations and social responsibilities, scope and
	purpose of business ethics; Ethics in business functional areas; industrial espionage; solving ethical problems;
	governance mechanism. implementing business ethics
	in a global economy.
References:	1. S B Mathur. 2010. Business Law. Tata McGraw Hill Edn. Pvt
	Ltd.
	2. Gulshan SS & Kapoor GK. 2003. Business Law including
	Company Law. 10th Ed.New Age Publ.
	3. Kapoor ND. 2005. Business Law. S. Chand & Sons.
	4. Tuteja SK. 2005. Business Law for Managers. S. Chand & Sons.
	5. Tulsian, P.C. and Tulsian, B., 2015, <i>Business Law</i> . TMH, New
	Delhi.
	6. Singh Avtar, (2017), Contract & Specific Relief, Eastern Book
	Company; Twelfth edition



				Legal As	pects of I	Business.	McGraw
Hill Education. 6th Edition							
CO1: Learn about the Indian legal system that directly affects the agri							s the agri
business	in India						
CO2: K	now abo	ut the reg	ulatory fi	rameworl	k in whic	h the agri	business
is to be conducted and							
managed							
CO3: U	Inderstan	d the imp	ortance o	of practic	ing busin	ess ethic	S
CO4:: E	Ethics is v	what guid	les us to	tell the ti	ruth, keep	our pro	mises, or
help sor	neone in	need. Th	nere is a	framewo	rk of ethi	ics under	lying our
lives on	a daily	basis, he	lping us	make de	cisions th	nat create	positive
impacts	and steer	ring us av	vay from	unjust oi	utcomes		
Mappin	g between	n COs an	d PSOs				
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
CO1							
CO2							
CO3							
CO4							
CO5							
	CO1: Lobusiness CO2: K is to be of managed CO3: CO4:: E help sort lives on impacts Mapping CO1 CO2 CO3 CO4	Hill Educe CO1: Learn about business in India CO2: Know about is to be conducted managed CO3: Understant CO4:: Ethics is whelp someone in lives on a daily impacts and steer Mapping between PSO1 CO1 CO2 CO3 CO4	Hill Education. 6th CO1: Learn about the Ind business in India CO2: Know about the reg is to be conducted and managed CO3: Understand the imp CO4:: Ethics is what guid help someone in need. Th lives on a daily basis, he impacts and steering us av Mapping between COs an PSO1 PSO2 CO1 CO2 CO3 CO4	Hill Education. 6th Edition CO1: Learn about the Indian legal business in India CO2: Know about the regulatory from is to be conducted and managed CO3: Understand the importance of CO4:: Ethics is what guides us to help someone in need. There is a lives on a daily basis, helping us impacts and steering us away from Mapping between COs and PSOs PSO1 PSO2 PSO3 CO1 CO2 CO3 CO4	Hill Education. 6th Edition CO1: Learn about the Indian legal system to business in India CO2: Know about the regulatory framework is to be conducted and managed CO3: Understand the importance of practice CO4:: Ethics is what guides us to tell the to help someone in need. There is a framework lives on a daily basis, helping us make de impacts and steering us away from unjust on the material of the properties of the prop	Hill Education. 6th Edition CO1: Learn about the Indian legal system that direct business in India CO2: Know about the regulatory framework in which is to be conducted and managed CO3: Understand the importance of practicing busing CO4:: Ethics is what guides us to tell the truth, keep help someone in need. There is a framework of ethic lives on a daily basis, helping us make decisions the impacts and steering us away from unjust outcomes Mapping between COs and PSOs PSO1 PSO2 PSO3 PSO4 PSO5 CO1 CO2 CO3 CO4 CO3 CO4	CO1: Learn about the Indian legal system that directly affect business in India CO2: Know about the regulatory framework in which the agri is to be conducted and managed CO3: Understand the importance of practicing business ethic CO4:: Ethics is what guides us to tell the truth, keep our pro help someone in need. There is a framework of ethics under lives on a daily basis, helping us make decisions that create impacts and steering us away from unjust outcomes Mapping between COs and PSOs PSO1 PSO2 PSO3 PSO4 PSO5 PSO6 CO1

Course code	ABM 59	1								
Course title		Master's Seminar								
Corse credit	01	01								
Teaching per	1 hr	1 hr								
Week										
Course	To cultiva	ate leaders	hip, comr	nunication	, and pre	sentation a	abilities by	y engaging		
Objective (CO)		_				interactivolex busine		s aimed at os.		
Course	Students	are directe	ed to sele	ct a prese	entation to	opic pertir	nent to ag	ri-business		
Content	managem		sultation v	vith their 1	najor guio			nt with the		
References:										
Course	CO1: Adv	vanced Cr	itical Ana	lysis: Dev	elop the a	ability to c	ritically a	nalyze and		
Outcomes		e business nin diverse		-	ces, foster	ring advan	ced proble	em-solving		
	CO2: Strategic Decision-Making Proficiency: Cultivate strategic thinking and decision-making capabilities by evaluating real-world business scenarios, honing the capacity to formulate and justify innovative and effective business strategies.									
	CO3: Effective Communication and Presentation Skills: Enhance communication proficiency through articulate and persuasive presentations, enabling students to effectively convey complex ideas and findings to diverse stakeholders.									
	CO4: Research and Inquiry Aptitude: Foster research skills and intellectual inquiry, empowering students to rigorously investigate contemporary business challenges and propose evidence-based solutions.									
	CO5: Leadership and Collaboration: Develop leadership qualities and collaborative abilities by engaging in interdisciplinary discussions, promoting teamwork, and fostering an inclusive environment conducive to innovative thinking and problem-solving.									
Mapping		between C								
between COs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7		
with PSOs	CO1									
	CO2									
	CO3									
	CO4									
	CO5									



Course code	ABM 595
Course title	Summer Training/Industrial attachment
Corse credit	1 (0+1)
Teaching per Week	1
Course Objective (CO)	It is the form of practical work experience and skills learned via the summer training program, your chances of being hired are much higher.
References:	Summer training typically refers to a period of time during the summer months when students or professionals participate in a structured program to gain practical experience or develop new skills in their field of study or work. These training programs can take various forms, such as internships, apprenticeships, workshops, or courses, and may be offered by educational institutions, companies, or other organizations. Summer training is often seen as an opportunity to supplement theoretical knowledge with hands-on experience, to network with professionals in the field, and to gain a competitive edge in the job market. Many employers also value summer training experience, as it demonstrates a candidate's willingness to learn, adapt, and take initiative. Stepping into the corporate world just after college may not be pleasing as it sounds. So, summer training is there to help you cope with that. Summer training is designed to assist individuals in managing such circumstances. The key objective is to improve one's technical skills through expert guidance, thereby strengthening one's confidence in entering the corporate sphere. Training typically lasts a certain amount of time and is completed before a student's graduation. The experienced trainers guide you through technical concepts, both theoretically and practically. Moreover, it is highly advantageous for the individual. Summer training present an opportunity for college students to acquire knowledge and gain practical work exposure in a specific field. Now that we have a good understanding of what is summer training, it is time to discuss the benefits of summer training.
Course Outcomes	CO1: Summer training programs offer several benefits for individuals seeking to enhance their skills and knowledge during the summer break. CO2: Some of the key benefits include: gain meaningful work experience while improving your knowledge and practical employment skills, learn how to apply theoretical knowledge in real-world situations, obtain references for future opportunities since many summer training organizations provide placement



	services, participating in a summer training may assist a college student study more and preparing for a successful career. CO3: Students should always do background research on the courses and the online institute they are considering to verify that they are legitimate, respectable, and relevant to their professional career goals. The students' testimonials to learn more about their experiences and satisfaction. Mapping between COs and PSOs							
Mapping between COs	Mappi	ng betwe	een COs	and PS	Os			
with PSOs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
	CO1							
	CO2							
	CO3							
	CO4							
	CO5							
	CO = 0 PO1	ogram S	pecific	outcome				

Course code	ABM 599
Course title	Project
Corse credit	10 (0+1)
Teaching per Week	10 (0+1)
Course Objective (CO)	To apply agribusiness concepts to real-world agricultural
Course Objective (CO)	scenarios, to conduct comprehensive industry analysis and
	market research within the agribusiness sector, to develop
	business plans and strategies for agribusiness enterprises, to
	explore sustainable practices and innovative technologies within
	agribusiness and to enhance presentation and communication
	skills for professional interactions in the agribusiness domain.
Course Content	Project work typically refers to a period of time during the
	summer months when students or professionals participate in a
	structured program to gain practical experience or develop new
	skills in their field of study or work. These training programs can take various forms, such as internships, apprenticeships,
	workshops, or courses, and may be offered by educational
	institutions, companies, or other organizations.
	Project work is often seen as an opportunity to supplement
	theoretical knowledge with hands-on experience, to network
	with professionals in the field, and to gain a competitive edge in
	the job market. Many employers also value Project work
	experience, as it demonstrates a candidate's willingness to learn,
	adapt, and take initiative.
	Stepping into the corporate world just after college may not be
	pleasing as it sounds. So, Project work is there to help you cope
	with that. Project work is designed to assist individuals in
	managing such circumstances. The key objective is to improve
	one's technical skills through expert guidance, thereby strengthening one's confidence in entering the corporate sphere.
	Training typically lasts a certain amount of time and is
	completed before a student's graduation.
	The experienced trainers guide you through technical concepts,
	both theoretically and practically. Moreover, it is highly
	advantageous for the individual. Project work present an
	opportunity for college students to acquire knowledge and gain
	practical work exposure in a specific field. Now that we have a
	good understanding of what is Project work, it is time to discuss
	the benefits of Project work .
References:	Nil
Course Outcomes	CO1. Analytical Skills: Students will be able to apply analytical
	skills to evaluate agribusiness scenarios, identify opportunities
	and challenges, and develop effective solutions.
	CO2. Research Skills: Students will be able to conduct
	comprehensive industry analysis and market research within the



agribusiness sector, using appropriate research methods and tools. CO3. Strategic Thinking: Students will be able to develop business plans and strategies for agribusiness enterprises, integrating aspects such as production, marketing, finance, and risk management to foster a holistic understanding of agribusiness operations. CO4. Sustainability and Innovation: Students will be able to explore sustainable practices and innovative technologies within agribusiness, fostering an understanding of the environmental, social, and economic dimensions of sustainable agricultural development. CO5. Communication Skills: Students will be able to effectively communicate project findings and recommendations through presentations, reports, and discussions, preparing them for professional interactions in the agribusiness domain. Mapping between COs Mapping between COs and PSOs with PSOs PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 | PSO6 | PSO7 CO1 CO₂ CO₃ CO4 CO₅ CO = Course outcome with PSO = Program Specific outcome

PO₁

Principal & Dean
International Agribusiness Management Institute
Anand Agricultural University,
Anand-388110

Course code	PGS 501								
Course title	Library and information services								
Corse credit	1 (0+1)								
Teaching per Week	2 hrs								
Course Objective (CO)	To equip the library users with skills to trace information from libraries								
Course Objective (CO)	efficiently, to apprise them of information and knowledge resources, to								
	carry out literature survey, to formulate information search strategies,								
	and to use modern tools (Internet, OPAC, search engines etc.) of								
	information search.								
Course Content	Introduction to library and its services; Role of libraries in education,								
Course Content	research and technology transfer; Classification systems and								
	organization of library; Sources of information- Primary Sources,								
	Secondary Sources and Tertiary Sources; Intricacies of abstracting and								
	indexing services (Science Citation Index, Biological Abstracts,								
	Chemical Abstracts, CABI Abstracts, etc.); Tracing information from								
	reference sources; Literature survey; Citation techniques/Preparation of								
	bibliography; Use of CD-ROM Databases, Online Public Access								
	Catalogue and other computerized library services; Use of Internet								
	including search engines and its resources; e-resources access methods.								
References:	Nil								
Course Outcomes	CO1. Information Literacy: Students should be able to identify, locate,								
	evaluate, and effectively use information resources in various formats,								
	including print and digital media.								
	CO2. Library Management: Students should be able to manage library								
	resources, including collection development, cataloging, circulation,								
	and reference services, using appropriate technologies and best								
	practices.								
	CO3. Information Retrieval: Students should be able to use various								
	search tools and techniques to retrieve information from diverse								
	sources, including databases, online catalogs, and the internet.								
	CO4. User Services: Students should be able to provide effective user								
	services, including reference assistance, instruction, and outreach, to								
	meet the information needs of diverse user groups.								
	CO5. Professional Ethics: Students should be able to adhere to								
	professional ethics and standards, including intellectual freedom,								
	privacy, and confidentiality, in the provision of library and information								
Manaina batasan COa	services.								
Mapping between COs	Mapping between COs and PSOs								
with PSOs	PSO1 PSO2 PSO3 PSO4 PSO5 PSO6 PSO7								
	CO1								
	CO2								
	CO3								
	CO4								
	CO5								



	502 nnical Writing and Communication Skills
Corse credit 1 (0-	<u> </u>
	,
, , ,	quip the students/scholars with skills to write dissertations, research
	ers, etc. To equip the students/scholars with skills to communicate
	articulate in English (verbal as well as writing).
	nnical Writing – Various forms of scientific writings- theses, nical papers, reviews, manuals, etc; Various parts of thesis and
	arch communications (title page, authorship contents page, preface,
	duction, review of literature, material and methods, experimental
	Its and discussion); Writing of abstracts, summaries, précis,
	ions etc.; commonly used abbreviations in the theses and research
	munications; illustrations, photographs and drawings with suitable
	ions; pagination, numbering of tables and illustrations; Writing of
_	bers and dates in scientific write-ups; Editing and proof-reading;
	ing of a review article. Communication Skills - Grammar (Tenses,
	s of speech, clauses, punctuation marks); Error analysis (Common
erro	rs); Concord; Collocation; Phonetic symbols and transcription;
Acc	entual pattern: Weak forms in connected speech: Participation in
grou	p discussion: Facing an interview; presentation of scientific papers.
	hicago Manual of Style. 14th Ed. 1996. Prentice Hall of India.
	ollins' Cobuild English Dictionary. 1995.
	arper Collins. Gordon HM & Walter JA. 1970. Technical Writing.
3rd 1	
	Holt, Rinehart & Winston. Hornby AS. 2000. Comp. Oxford
	anced Learner's Dictionary of Current English. 6th Ed. Oxford
	versity Press.
Boo	ames HS. 1994. Handbook for Technical Writing. NTC Business
	seph G. 2000. MLA Handbook for Writers of Research Papers. 5th Affiliated East- West Press.
	Johan K. 2005. Speaking English Effectively. MacMillan India.
	ichard WS. 1969. Technical Writing.
-	Effective Communication: Students should be able to
	municate technical information clearly, concisely, and effectively
	diverse audiences, including experts and non-experts, using
	opriate language and tone.
	Document Design and Formatting: Students should be able to
	te well-structured and visually appealing technical documents,
inclu	nding reports, manuals, and proposals, by applying principles of
	ment design, formatting, and visual communication.
CO3	. Research and Information Synthesis: Students should be able to
cond	luct research, gather relevant information, and synthesize complex
tech	nical concepts into coherent and understandable written materials.



	CO4. Audience Analysis: Students should be able to analyze the needs, expectations, and knowledge levels of their target audience to tailor their writing and communication style accordingly. CO5. Professional and Ethical Considerations: Students should be able to adhere to professional and ethical standards in technical communication, including accuracy, honesty, and respect for intellectual property rights.1							
Mapping between COs			n COs an					
with PSOs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
	CO1							
	CO2							
	CO3							
	CO4							
	CO5							

Course code	PGS 503
Course title	Intellectual property and its management in agriculture
Corse credit	1 (1+0)
Teaching per Week	1 hrs
Course Objective	The main objective of this course is to equip students and stakeholders with
(CO)	knowledge of intellectual property rights (IPR) related protection systems,
(CO)	their significance and use of IPR as a tool for wealth and value creation in
	a knowledge-based economy
Course Content	Historical perspectives and need for the introduction of Intellectual
Course Content	Property Right regime; TRIPs and various provisions in TRIPS Agreement;
	Intellectual Property and Intellectual Property Rights (IPR), benefits of
	securing IPRs; Indian Legislations for the protection of various types of
	Intellectual Properties; Fundamentals of patents, copyrights, geographical
	indications, designs and layout, trade secrets and traditional knowledge,
	trademarks, protection of plant varieties and farmers' rights and biodiversity
	protection; Protectable subject matters, protection in biotechnology,
	protection of other biological materials, ownership and period of
	protection; National Biodiversity protection initiatives; Convention on
	Biological Diversity; International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for
	Food and Agriculture; Licensing of technologies, Material transfer
	agreements, Research collaboration Agreement, License Agreement.
References:	1. Erbisch FH & Maredia K.1998. Intellectual Property Rights in
	Agricultural Biotechnology. CABI.
	2. Ganguli P. 2001. Intellectual Property Rights: Unleashing Knowledge
	Economy. McGraw-Hill.
	3. Intellectual Property Rights: Key to New Wealth Generation. 2001.
	NRDC & Aesthetic Technologies.
	4. Ministry of Agriculture, Government of India. 2004. State of Indian
	Farmer. Vol. V. Technology Generation and IPR Issues. Academic
	Foundation.
	5. Rothschild M & Scott N. (Ed.). 2003. Intellectual Property Rights in
	Animal Breeding and Genetics. CABI.
	6. Saha R. (Ed.). 2006. Intellectual Property Rights in NAM and Other
	Developing Countries: A Compendium on Law and Policies. Daya Publ.
Course Outcomes	House COL Understanding Intellectual Property: Students should be able to
Course Outcomes	CO1. Understanding Intellectual Property: Students should be able to
	understand the concept of intellectual property and its various forms,
	including patents, trademarks, copyrights, and trade secrets, and their relevance to agriculture.
	CO2. Intellectual Property Management: Students should be able to
	manage intellectual property in agriculture, including identifying,
	protecting, and commercializing intellectual property assets, and
	understanding the legal and regulatory frameworks governing intellectual
	property.
L	hraderry.



	CO3. Technology Transfer: Students should be able to facilitate the transfer of agricultural technologies and intellectual property from research institutions to the private sector, including licensing agreements, joint ventures, and technology incubation. CO4. Innovation and Entrepreneurship: Students should be able to foster innovation and entrepreneurship in agriculture by identifying and developing new technologies, products, and services, and leveraging intellectual property assets to create value. CO5. Ethical and Social Considerations: Students should be able to understand the ethical and social implications of intellectual property in agriculture, including issues related to access to genetic resources, biodiversity, and food security, and develop strategies to address these concerns.								
Mapping between	Mapping	between	COs and	PSOs					
COs with PSOs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	
	CO1								
	CO2								
	CO3								
	CO4								
	CO5								

Course code	PGS 505				
Course title	Agricultural Research, Research Ethics and Rural (1+0) Development				
	Programmes				
Corse credit	1 (1+0)				
Teaching per Week	1 hrs				
Course Objective (CO)	To enlighten the students about the organization and functioning of agricultural research systems at national and international levels, research ethics, and rural development programmes and policies of Government.				
Course Content	Unit 1 History of agriculture in brief; Global agricultural research system: need, scope, opportunities; Role in promoting food security, reducing poverty and protecting the environment; National Agricultural Research Systems (NARS) and Regional Agricultural Research Institutions; Consultative Group on International Agricultural Research (CGIAR): International Agricultural Research Centres (IARC), partnership with NARS, role as a partner in the global agricultural research system, strengthening capacities at national and regional levels; International fellowships for scientific mobility. Unit 2 Research ethics: research integrity, research safety in laboratories, welfare of animals used in research, computer ethics, standards and problems in research ethics. Unit 3 Concept and connotations of rural development, rural development policies and strategies. Rural development programmes: Community Development Programme, Intensive Agricultural District Programme, Special group – Area Specific Programme, Integrated Rural Development Programme (IRDP) Panchayati Raj Institutions, Co- operatives, Voluntary Agencies/Non-Governmental Organisations. Critical evaluation of rural development policies and programmes. Constraints in implementation of rural policies and programmes.				
References:	 Bhalla GS & Singh G. 2001. Indian Agriculture - Four Decades of Development. Sage Publ. Punia MS. Manual on International Research and Research Ethics. CCS, Haryana Agricultural University, Hisar. Rao BSV. 2007. Rural Development Strategies and Role of Institutions 				
	 - Issues, Innovations and Initiatives. Mittal Publ. 4. Singh K. 1998. Rural Development - Principles, Policies and Management. Sage Publ. 				
Course Outcomes	CO1. Research Methodologies: Students should be able to understand and apply various research methodologies and techniques relevant to agricultural research, including experimental design, data collection, and analysis. CO2. Research Ethics: Students should be able to demonstrate an understanding of ethical considerations in agricultural research, including				
	the responsible conduct of research, integrity in data collection and reporting, and the ethical treatment of human and animal subjects.				



	CO3. Rural Development Programs: Students should be able to analyze and evaluate rural development programs and initiatives, including their impact on agricultural communities, livelihoods, and sustainable development. CO4. Community Engagement: Students should be able to engage with rural communities, stakeholders, and local institutions to understand their needs, priorities, and challenges, and develop research and development programs that are responsive to local contexts. CO5. Policy and Advocacy: Students should be able to assess agricultural research and rural development policies, advocate for evidence-based policy decisions, and contribute to the formulation and implementation of programs that promote sustainable rural development.							
Mapping between	Mapping between COs and PSOs							
COs with PSOs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
	CO1		_					
	CO2							
	CO3							
	CO4							
	CO5							

Course code	PGS -506							
Course title	Advertising and Brand Management							
Corse credit	1 (1+0)							
Teaching per	1 hrs.							
Week								
Course	This course investigates various promotional tools used in the communication mix,							
Objective	such as advertising, sales promotion, and publicity, to sell products and services.							
(CO)	Concepts include: advertising planning processes, determining advertising and							
	promotional goals and objectives, control and evaluation of advertising and							
	promotional programs, and regulatory issues. Students will develop a							
Course	comprehensive advertising campaign for a real or imaginary product.							
Course Content	Unit 1 Introduction to Advertising Management: Integrated Marketing							
Content	Communications, Setting Goals and Objectives, how advertising							
	works: Segmentation and Positioning Assess the strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats (SWOT) of different kinds of							
	promotional campaigns							
	Unit 2 Message Strategy: Attention and comprehension, Advertising appeals,							
	Associating Feelings with the Brand, Brand Equity, Image and							
	Personality and Group Influence and word of mouth advertising,							
	Media Planning and Media Strategy, Media Strategy and Tactics,							
	Legal, Ethical and Social concerns of Advertising.							
	Unit 3 Consumer Promotions and Trade Promotions: Their purpose and types							
	How to plan and evaluate a successful promotion, The relationship							
	between advertising and promotions, Introduction to Global							
	Marketing, Advertising and sales promotion.							
	Unit 4 Major Brand Concepts and branding Decision: Identifying and							
	selecting brand name Building brand personality, image and identity;							
	Brand positioning and re-launch; Brand extension; Brand portfolio;							
	communication for branding Enhancing brand image through							
	sponsorship and even management.							
	Unit 5 Managing Brand Equity and Loyalty: Brand Building in Different							
	Sectors - Customers, industrial, retail and service brands. Building							
	brands through Internet, social Media. Building Indian brands for							
	global markets.							
References:	1. Keller, Kevin Lane; Strategic Brand Management; Pearson education, New							
	Delhi Verma, Harsha: Brand Management; Excel Books; New Delhi							
	2. Kapferer, Jean Noel; Strategic Brand Management; Kogan Page; New Delhi							
	3. Kumar, S. Ramesh; Marketing and Branding–The Indian Scenario; Pearson							
	Education; New Delhi, Kapoor, Jagdeep ; 24 Brand Mantras, Sage							
	Publications; New Delhi							



	4. Sengupta Subroto; Brand Positioning: Strategies for competitive advantage;							
	Tata Mc Graw Hill; New Delhi Clifton, Rita & Simmons., John; Brands and							
	Branding; The Economist; Delhi							
Course	CO1: Get the insight of IMC, SWOT analysis, and also its importance							
Outcomes	CO2: Understand the role Message and Media planning in advertising							
	CO3: Understand the role of Global Marketing for Consumer Promotions and Trade							
	Promotions							
	CO4: Understand the role of Major Brand Concepts and branding Decision							
	CO5: Understand the Managing Brand Equity and Loyalty							
Mapping	Mapping between COs and PSOs							
between COs		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
with PSOs	CO1							
	CO2							
	CO3							
	CO4							
	CO5							